CYCLES
HIGH GRADE ENGLISH MAKES
From Rs. 125 to Rs. 350
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The Bombay Chronicle

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FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. VIII NO. 168 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1920. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
SAILING TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are requested to be provession of Pass Ports.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	
17th July	Karmala*	8983	
24th "	Morea	10890	
28th "	Merkara†	8235	Calls P. Said and Plymouth only
31st "	Syria	6683	
7th August	Kashmir	8841	
14th "	Devanha†	8092	
21st "	Mantua	10385	
28th "	China	7932	
4th Sept.	Kaisar-i-hind	11430	
11th "	Kalyan	8987	

*Fully booked from China, will not convey passengers from Bombay.
† B. I. Company's Fares, Not calling at Marseilles.

SAILING TO CHINA AND CALCUTTA.

Date About.	Steamer.		
15th July	Dunera	Calls Colo Spore Hongkong and Shanghai —&c.—	
0th July	Plassy		

SAILING TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamers	
12th July	Lhasa	Karachi 9 a.m.
12th "	harapara	East and South Africa.
14th "	harpeta	Busreh direct

Terms and Rates of Freight and passage of P. and O. and B. I. sailing may be arranged with.
MACKINON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander.	Tonnage.	Arrival.	Departure
Bombay Maru	M.Tsuruga	4852	6th July	20th July
Taian Maru	Y. Kawashima	3135	14th July	25th July
Yetorofu Maru	R.Azakida	4141	27th July	7th Aug

For freight and passage apply to
T. TAGAMI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Japan)
HEAD OFFICE—OSAKA, Japan.
Regular Service to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamers	Captain	Arrival	Departure
Jaitsu Maru	R. Vano	1st Jwy	16th July
Ganges Maru	T.Isouye	20th July	31st July

For Freight and Passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA.
Manage.
Ajam Building,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
Post Box No. 355; Telephone No. 2150.

A Few of our Rates:—
SUITS, SILK, CLEANING Rs. 2/ & 2/8 each.
" CASHMERE , Rs.2/8 & 3/8 each.
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HAMAM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

S.S. "LOYALTY."

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES.
23RD AUGUST, 1920.
FARES:—

First Special	..	Rs. 800/-
(Boat, Promenade and Upper Decks)		
First Class "A"	..	Rs. 750/-
First Class "B"	...	Rs. 700/-
Second Class	...	Rs. 600/-

A reduction of 10 per cent. will be made on ree or more full fares for families.
No berth will be registered without a payent of a deposit of Rs. 200.
The steamer is fitted with wireless telegray and all cabins have got electric lights fans free of charge. The steamer also arries a fully qualified surgeon and also a wardess.
There is no deck accommodation for serants.
For passages and full particulars apply to—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co.,
Agents.
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
Ismail Buildings, Fort,
Bombay.
Telegraphic Address: "JALANATH."
Telephone No. 134.

ANGLO INDIA & COLONIAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

REGULAR SERVICE of steamers to Malabar Coast Ports, Colombo and Rangoon per Steamship Oruro, Nagpur and Rampur.
For particulars apply to:—
EASTERN SHIP BROKERS AND AGENCY LTD.
Managing Agents,
Anglo-India and Colonial Navigation Company, Limited.
28-32, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND...	£1,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ...	$23,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9 Gracechurch Street E.C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Fochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. pe annum provided the sum accrued amounts Re. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varyin periods on terms which may be learnt on ap plication.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANG business undertaken.
C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

THE
BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	Yen 80,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	Yen 37,500,000
RESERVE FUND	Yen 7,730,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES:

LONDON	YOKOHAMA	KARENKO
NEW YORK	MOJI	KEELUNG
SHANGHAI	AMOY	MAKUNG
HONGKONG	CANTON	TAITOH
SINGAPORE	FOOCHOW	SHINCHIKU
BATAVIA	HANKOW	TAICHU
SEMARANG	KIUKIANG	TAMAN
SOORABAYA	SWATOW	TAKOW
TOKYO	AKO	TAMSUI
KOBE	GIRAN	TOWEN
OSAKA	KAGI	BANGKOK

The Bank has also a LARGE NUMBER OF CORRESPONDENTS at HOME and ABROAD.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE Business transacted.
K. TAKEMURA.
Manager.
56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL...Rs. 12,00,00,000/
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Rs. 7,55,78,100/
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 1,51,19,62[illegible]/
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,09,600/
BRANCHES: London, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazaar, 20 Apollo Street, Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street.
Calcutta—Bara Bazaar.
Rangoon—Bassein.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Hathras.
Cawnpore—Chandausi.
London Office:—2, White Lion Court, Cornhill London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum and on sums exceeding Rs. 1.00,000/- interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accured amounts to Rs. 8 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at the rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
L. D. L. BUCKLEY,
General Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN CONPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH: Ahmedabad.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	60,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 800 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year o for shorter periods at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK accounts opened on favourable terms—Rules on application.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW.
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,500,000
Paid-up Capital	£750,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£750,000
Reserve Fund	£750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
14, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	New York
Colombo	Karachi	Penang
Delhi	Kota Bhru	Rangoon
Galle	(Kalantan)	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the followin terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 pe cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans o account of Constituents and collection of in terest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON.
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PESION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1878.
No. 215, Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Peti Library.
Funded Capital, Rs. 2,22,000.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.
Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate, 30 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve month grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to.
GAJANNAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING.

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	Yen 70,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	Yen 40,000,000
RESERVE FUND	Yen 6,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dotonbori	Kyoto	Semba
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankow	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tsuruga
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Tsushima
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Nihama	Yanagicho
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. annum provided the sum accrued amounts Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 month and for shorter periods on terms which ma be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
J. SATO.
Manager.
Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 389.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA, LIMITED.
(Registered in the Transvaal.)
With which are incorporated.
The Bank of Africa, Ltd., The Natal Bank Ltd., and The National Bank of The Orang River Colony, Ltd.
Bankers to the Government of the Union of South Africa in the Transvaal, Natal an Orange Free State.
Bankers to the British Imperial Governmen in South Africa.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	£2,965,000
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO	£1,000,000
CAPITAL AND RESERVE ...	£4,015,000

HEAD OFFICE:—PRETORIA.
LONDON OFFICES:—Circus Place, London Wall; 18 St. Swithin's Lane, and 25 Cockspur Street (West End).
NEW YORK OFFICE:—10, Wall Street.
OVER 490 BRANCHES AND SUB-BRANCHES IN SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA.
ANTWERP OFFICE, 55, Place de Meir.
MAURITIUS OFFICE—Port Louis.
Agents at Amsterdam, Paris, Petrograd an the Principal Cities of the World.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one yea or for shorter periods on terms which may ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and in terest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on daily credit balances from Rs. 500 to Rs 1,00,000; interest on balances exceeding Rs 1,00,000 subject to special arrangement.
BILLS negotiated and collected.
LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS is sued.
Every description of Banking and Exchang business undertaken.
SPECIAL FACILITIES FOR BUSINESS WITH SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA.
W. MURRAY SMITH,
Acting Manager.
Taj Buildings,
210, Hornby Road.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ...	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	4,00,00,000
CALLED-UP CAPITAL ...	60,00,000
PAID-UP ON 19-5-20	59,00,042

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Murzban Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowe at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAIL BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1s January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below tha figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS: received for one yea and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS:—Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are grante on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased a sold.
Banking business of every description trans acted.
A. B. OLIPHANT,
Ag. Manager.

HYPODERMIC SYRINGES FOR SALE.

RECORD SYRINGES, 1 C.C. 2 C.C., 1 C.C. 10 C.C., and 20 C.C.—All GLASS SYRINGES in three parts, capacity as above. All GLASS SYRINGES, French Model, in two parts capacity as above. BROKEN SYRINGES exchanged for ¼th prices. All kinds of SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, Laboratory Appliances, viz., Glass Slides, TEST TUBES. AMPOULES, bottle shape, in all capacity. All Surgical Instruments repaired. All kinds of Drugs supplied. Prices below market raises. Trial Orders solicited.
S. N. GUNDI,
Wholesale Chemist,
Oriental Buildings, Hornby Road, Bombay.

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OUR GREAT PRIZE SALE
RS. 1,500 TO BE GIVEN AWAY IN 41 PRIZES.
BESIDES
HEAVY REDUCTIONS OF 20 TO 35 PER CENT.
ON EACH AND EVERY ARTICLE PURCHASED.
Best opportunity for Ladies to purchase trimmed hats evening dresses; sequin, bead, pearl and diamond trimmings, Boys' and Girls' Frocks, Kimonos umbrellas, silks, sarees, borders, etc.
EACH ARTICLE GUARANTEED TO BE OF LATEST FASHION AND DESIGN.
ROCK BOTTOM PRICES EVERYWHERE.
DO NOT THEREFORE MISS THIS RARE OPPORTUNITY.
Call Early to Avoid Disappointment.
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We recommend [illegible]omers and the investing public in general to go in for the [illegible]ssues of the Government of India.
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Investor's balances awaiting [illegible]s carried on liberal terms. Investment Securities bo[illegible]sold on customer's account.

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NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE: 7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
RAE & Co., P. BANERJEA,
Managing Agents. Secretary.
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency,
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE BHARAT INSURANCE Co. Ltd.
ESTABLISHED 1896.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—Lahore Delhi, Rawalpindi, Ajmere, Nagpur, Lucknow, Bankipore, Calcutta, Poona, Bangalore, Mangalore, Sukkur, Karachi, Quetta.

	Rs.
Funds exceed	30,00,000
Surplus about	1,00,000
Claims paid about	25,00,000

Specialities:—Moderate premia, ready on vertability, prompt payment, female lives insured, etc.
Pushing agents wanted all over India.
K. C. VIDYARTHI,
Manager, B. I. Co., Ltd.,
(Bharat Building),
Lahore.

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MAXIMUM ASSURANCE AT MINIMUM OF COST.
It will repay you to send for a copy!
Funds and assets over Rs. 2,00,000
Claims Paid exceed Rs. 3,00,000
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Estd. 1891.

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CALCUTTA.	1, Chowringhee
	CALCUTTA.

INS[illegible]

THE INDUSTRIAL & PR[illegible] ASSURANCE CO., L[illegible]
113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FO[illegible]
BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
The Hon'ble Sir Parulbhoy Currimbhoy Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad, Kt.
Sir Hukamchand Sarcopchand Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar.-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Scorjee & Co.).
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P. (Moolji Jetha & Co.) (Ex-officio).
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Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies a boon to Policy-holders.
Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
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Secretaries and Manager.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

Funds exceed	.. ..	Rs. 1,20,00,000
Claims paid exceeds	..	Rs. 35,00,000
Annual income exceeds		Rs. 25,00,000

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ALLUM BHARUCHA & CO.,
Manager.

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RAILWAY HOTEL
Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Bombay" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a healthy locality.
DINNER TABLE SPECIALITY.
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Build-up YOUR HEALTH with

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA.

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Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the Safest and most Reliable Remedy for

TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM

the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

Relieves immediately without injection

CURES IN 48 HOURS

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"SOWAR" WRIST WATCH

GUARANTEED TWO YEARS

Gilt half plate movement jewelled with 15 rubies, compensation balance, double roller and tempered steel hair spring; straight line lever escapement with visible ruby pallets. White enamel dial with bold figures and seconds hand. Well finished, dust and damp proof case with extra thick crystal glass.

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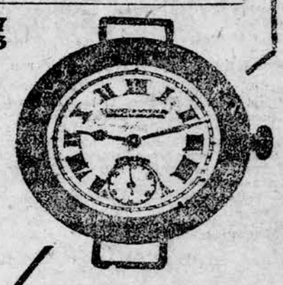
NICKEL SILVER..Rs. 37
STERLING ,, .. ,, 43
EITHER PATTERN SAME PRICE



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373, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY. | 14, DALHOUSIE SQUARE, CALCUTTA.

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Available in any Thickness from ½ inch to 24 inches

Very useful and economical for,

Floorings, Arches, Copings, Window Sills etc.

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SHAHABAD STONE CONTRACTORS

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Wadi Junction
Chittapur N. G. S. Ry.

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Telephone No. 4231.

G. H. TEA.

BEST AND CHOICEST.

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The Garo Hill Tea & Trading Co., Ltd.

172, Bow Bazar Street, CALCUTTA.

Distributing Agents.

BOMBAY.

Raote Meghjee Sons & Co.

309, Hornby Road, Fort.

BOMBAY.

YOUR HOROSCOPE.

LIFE-READING for one year in monthly details Rs. 2. General whole Life-Reading Rs. 5. Whole Life-Reading in detail Rs. 9. Information required date of birth and time (year, month, day and hour of birth) or copy of Horoscope.
Testimonials from all quarters.
Apply to: B. R. SRINIVASAIYA,
Chamaraja Agrahar, Mysore.
2500

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HAIR REGD. BRAIN.

This Oil is most indispensable to the young and old. It is unique in its efficacy, cures unbearable headache, and helps to removes mental disorder, helps to concentrate one's mind. Note its Trade Mark.

Again this is unique. Requested to examine The purchasers keep on the table while purchasing the above.

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Yogabala Mantralaya,

GIRGAUM, BOMBAY No. 4.

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for Lightness and Durability

Insist on the ORIGINAL Machine-cut, Rivetted, and Screwed, with Folding Front, made from genuine English Birch wood. Beware of Cheap Nailed imitations. Only seven tread ladders, height 67 inches in stock for Prompt delivery.

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BOMBAY.

Agents:—

CLUBWALLA & CO.

No. 8, Waterloo Mansions opposite Museum West, BOMBAY.

ONLY PLACE

IN INDIA WHERE

HYDROCELE

IS CURED BY QUALIFIED EXPERTS CENT PER CENT

by painless methods not necessitating confinement to bed. Patients attend to their daily avocations while under treatment.

Apply :—ELECTRO-THERAPEUTIST.

N. B.—If you hesitate in the least degree to secure the benefit of this treatment before undergoing it—why not bring your family Doctor with you to whom convincing proof will be adduced?

OLD SAFETY RAZOR BLADES

Do not throw away after use. We sharpen Gillette, Clemak, Auto, Durham, etc., Blades, keen as new at Re. 1-2 doz. Under six As. 2 each. Arbenz and thick blades As. 4 each. Twinplex Streppers Rs. 11 each. All post free. MATHEWS & Co., 86, Medows Street, (Opp. Cornaglia), Bombay.

Headache
Brain Fag
Nervousness

The days are cold and coldness creates headache.

Hard work means brain fag.

Headache and brain fag result in nervousness. You will be free from these indications if you trust to the value of

Prof. James'

ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS

A suitable line for the purpose. Never fails and safe in using.
A fortnightly course is that all necessary. They are soothing and restful for the nerves, aid digestion in their tonical effect.

Rs. 2-4-0 per bot. of 40 Pearls. including V. P. P. Charges.

Anglo Indian Drug & Chemical Co.,

JUMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

SAL-VITÆ

The most powerful but harmless nervine tonic producing startling results, immediate in cases of debilitated and and permanent, in both young and old worn-out persons, tried. Price Re. 1 per married or unmarried phial.

PILES TABLET.

Effects rapid and radical cure of both internal and external piles. The hemorrhoid (tumour) disappears without operation. Price Re. 1 per phial.

DIABETES TABLET.

Reduces the quantity of urine, Rapidly urine and blood sugar-free, renders the specific gravity, allays thirst and invigorates the system. Price Re. 1 per phial.

ASTHMA TABLET.

The best remedy for cough difficult breathing, etc., and the worst forms of Asthma. Instant relief in every dose. Per bottle of 24 tablets Re. 1.

S. C. ROY, M. A.

Manufacturing Chemist,
38, (B) Dhurrmtolla Street,
or 167/3 Cornwallis Street Calcutta.

Every satisfaction in cooking guaranteed

Booklet free on request.

ANNAPURNA COOKER CO.

Near Cinema
Girgaum, BOMBAY

Kashmiri Shawl, Malida, Paltoo, Pashmina, Chogha, Comfortors, Blankets &c., &c.

Price List Free.

Amirchand & Son,

General Shaw. Merchants,

LAHORE.

CORKS, CORKS, CORKS.

We have received direct from Manufacturers few very big shipments of different qualities and sizes of Corks suitable for Chemists, Druggists, Perfumers, Wine Bottlers, Brewers, Jam and Chutney Dealers, Military Water Bottle makers, and Laboratories.

Samples and quotations will be forwarded free on applications only to above mentioned concerns.

Maher Singh Sapuran Singh Chawla,

Merchants and Agents,

GRAND TRUNK ROAD, LAHORE

Branch Office :—"Anarkali Street, Lahore."
Telegraphic address :—"Chawlas, Lahore."

FAIR OPPORTUNITY

TO ALL CONCERNED IN SECOND HAND MACHINERY

We have Engines, Boilers, Gas Plants, Lathes, Drills, Pumps, Glas, etc., etc., in our stock for ready disposal.

Send for the complete list NOW

ENGINEER & CO.

BOMBAY. No. 2.

J. V. Navlakhi & Co.,

KANTA BUILDINGS

Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY

STATIONERY, DRAWING AND PAINTING MATERIALS

Engineering and Surveying Instruments, etc.

RUBBER STAMP MAKERS

Price List Free on Application

Contractors & Engineers,

You will find it to your advantage to address your enquiries for

All-English Engineering Stores—

to the largest stockists of these lines :—

Hatim Attari & Company,

Shipchandlers and Contractors

24 : 26, Nagdevi Street. BOMBAY.

Phone 4412 Teleg : "NAILS"

No Risk of Operations ?

ARSHARI BATIKA OR

WONDERFUL PILLS FOR PILES.

These pills are free from any poisonous elements. Wonderfully cures all sorts of piles : Bleeding, Non-bleeding, Internal or External. **Price Rs. 1-4 per week's use.**

Postage Extra.

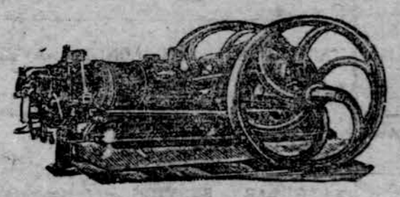
BISUDHA BHAISHAJYA BHANDAR

(A GENUINE AYURVEDIC STORE) 125 Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA. B.

IMPERIAL CRUDE OIL ENGINES

Low Consumption
Really Reliable
High Efficiency

SEE LATEST IMPROVED TYPE



Also other kinds of machinery such as Grinding Mills, Oil Mills, Pumps of all kinds, Colour grinding machines, Saw Benches, Baling Presses, Cylinder Oils, Belttings, and Mill Gins stores always in stock.

P. G. MASKER & Co., ENGINEERS & CONTRACTORS
Apollo Street Bombay.

THE IONIC PHARMACY

Fever Drops (144 Germicide (general preventive)	1—0—0	Neo-Thymoline, (best organic antiseptic for gargles.)	0—14—0
	0—10—0	Cologne Water (First quality 3 oz. net)	1—0—0
Disinfecting fluid (1 pint bottle)	1—0—0	Cod-liver Oil Emulsion	1—8—0
Influenza solution	0—10—0	Universal Embrocation	1—0—0
Liver Solution	1—4—0		

THE STANDARD CHEMICAL WORKS.

For further particulars write to :— **M. J. GAJJAR,**

22-24 G. P. STREET, near HONGKONG BANK, FORT, BOMBAY.

FORD CAR OWNERS'

Can save time and worry by ordering all spare parts and accessories from

R. T. MEHTA & Co,

Near West End Cinema,

CHARNI ROAD BOMBAY No. 4.

Pocket Lamps all types and sizes

Torches any size you want.

VOLTMETERS

Spare Batteries, Bulbs, Refill

RETAIL AND WHOLESALE.

EASTERN ELECTRIC AND TRADING Co.,

Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
Preedy Road, KARACHI.
Upper Mall, LAHORE.
Hall Gate, AMRITSAR.

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on 09 April, 2017

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CHEMICAL CLEANERS & DYER.

TREATED by special process, the garments are freed from spots and stains, thoroughly cleaned and freshened up to look like new, Dresses, costumes, coats sarees, etc., dyed in the latest colours with English finish. Urgent orders executed at special rates within 24 hours.

ARMITAGE & CO.,
Highclass Tailors and Dressmakers,
Above Taraporewala, Bookseller,
Medows Street, Bombay.

THE "EMPIRE" is a BRITISH-MADE TYPEWRITER. Hence efficiency combined with durability. Sole Agents, CITY SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING STUDIO, 281, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BUILDINGS—Land and Building FOR SALE to suit your requirements are offered by MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BANKS', MILLS', OFFICES' SEPOYS' complete dresses and Army Uniform and Motor covers suppliers. Apply to SHIVLAL KHIMJI & CO., Lohar Chawl, Arab Building, Bombay 2. 2516

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Neat TRACERS for Architectural and other works, Salary according to qualificatitons. Apply to Box No. 845, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 2532

WANTED—GUJARATI UNDERGRADUATES. Apply personally to PRINCIPAL, New English School, C. P. Tank, Girgaum. 2468

TWO experienced EXPORT CLERKS required. Apply personally ARMY & NAVY STORES. 2513

WANTED AT ONCE—A thoroughly experienced CONFIDENTIAL SHORTHAND TYPIST good salary to capable person. Apply Box No. 843, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2514

WANTED—A MATRICULATED TEACHER for the Fort and Proprietary High Schools Frere Road, Fort, Parsi or Gujarati preferred. Apply personally to PRINCIPALS. 2520

WANTED—A competent TEACHER for a middle school. Apply to the SECRETARY, Prabhu Seminary, Thakurdwar, Bombay. 2515

WANTED—A competent TEACHER for teaching Shorthand and Typewriting for two hours daily in a local High School. Apply Box No. 839, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2506

WANTED—Two well experienced CUSTOMS CLERKS. Salary Rs. 60 and 40. Apply personally with copies of certificates to GILMAN & CO., 381, Hornby Road, Bombay. 2512

WANTED.—English knowing HINDU COOK to accompany a Hindu gentleman proceeding Europe, who can also act as a valet. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 844, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2511

WANTED—A competent GUJARATI-SPEAKING SCIENCE TEACHER and two experienced MATRIC TEACHERS for a local High School. S.T.C.s preferred. Apply Box No. 840, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2507

WANTED —Two CLERKS, qualified for book keeping and type writing. Pay Rs. 29 to 30 with free board and lodging with future prospects. Apply in own hand writing. To SYED A. & M. WAZIR ALI, Army Contractors, Colaba, Bombay. 2471

WANTED ASSISTANT AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERS with experience in French and Overland cars. Apply with copies of certificates stating salary expected to Box No. 881. Advt Dept. "Bombay Chronicle. 2406

WANTED—MOTOR MECHANICS, FITTERS, WORKS FOREMEN, TAXIMETER REPAIRERS. Apply with copies of certificates stating salary expected to Box No. 832, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle.. 2401.

WANTED—TALLY CLERKS.—On board coasting steamers only men of sober habits and with good experience need apply with testimonials to, R. E. COLLIN & Co., J-10, Elphinstone Circle, Fort. 2504

WANTED—TWO SPINNING MASTERS with experience for Tinnevelly Textile Koilpati. Apply with testimonials to: P. S. VENKATACHARI C/o Nathan Benjamin & Co. Alice Buildings, Fort, Bombay. 2497

WANTED—A competent PROOF-READER for a daily news paper. None need apply who has not had considerable experience in the working of a daily Newspaper press. Apply to Box No. 400. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—An ASSISTANT to the Superintendent and Secretary, Agri-Horticultura Society of Burma with Botanical experience on a salary of Rupees Two Hundred and Fift per mensem. Apply to the SECRETARY the above Society, Rangoon, Burma with copies of testimonials and stating age, qualifications and experience. The selected candidate will be on probation for six months. 2438

SITUATION WANTED.

YOUNG Gujrati Hindu of respectable family possessing many years experience of Banking and Mercantile lines, desires lucrative Billet in some well established Indian or European House or Bank or willing to join firm of Stock or Gunny Brokers at Calcutta or Bombay. Also can accompany Hindu Shethia to Europe. Please write to Box No. 134, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2287

WANTED.

WANTED—60 feet by 30 feet accommodation by a weekly paper for printing press and offices. Write to Box No. 841, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2508

WANTED—Two SECOND-HAND RING WEFT FRAMES in perfect working order. Please write with full particulars and lowest price to Box No. 835, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2475

FOR SALE.

4,000 to 5,000 square feet office accommodation required by European Engineering Firm, September or October. Apply Box No. 824, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2370

FOR SALE.—Immediate Delivery, "FORD TOURING, FORD SEDAN and OVERLAND Mod. "4" Cars DIXEY FLYER and ALLEN, 5 seater Cars, New 45 Cwt. "NAPIER CHASSIS". Price Rs. 11,000 only. AUSTIN 20, entirely new car. 4 cyl. Price about Rs. 12,000. Orders invited for September Delivery for "FORD TOURING CARS" and "ONE TON FORD TRUCKS". Book your orders now to ensure early delivery. Apply to "BOMBAY AUTOMOBILES", Hughes Road, Bombay. 2329

SECONDHAND MACHINES; Lathes Drilling and shaping machines in first class condition, going cheap. Apply to CENTRAL TRADING AGENCY, Hira Buildings, near Crawford Market, Bombay. 2270

FOR SALE—30ft. by 7ft. by 125 lbs. Pressure Lanbashire Boilers. Economiser having 96 tubes, 80ft. by 4ft. Self-supported Chimney, Sluice Valves, Platform Weighing Machines, etc. Apply ENGINEER & CO., Pydhowni, Bombay. 2422

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for a temporary post of GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR of Steam Boilers, Bombay Presidency, for a period of about one year, more or less.

Applicants should possess a First Class Engineer's certificate of competency, have a good knowledge of the working and upkeep of boilers, and be able to calculate strengths of parts and pressures.

Salary offered, Rs. 400 per mensem plus Rs. 100 local allowance while stationed, in Bombay and usual travelling allowances. The selected candidate will be required to begin duty at once.

Applications together with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned at the Town Hall up till 26th instant.

J. P. BRANDER.
Collector of Bombay.

Bombay Collector's Office,
Steam Boiler Department.
Bombay, 12th July, 1920. 2463

NOTICE.

THE FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Offices at 105-107, Montgomery Street, Rangoon, at 3 p.m. on TUESDAY, the 20th July, 1920.

To transact the following business:—

(1) To confirm the Minutes of the Statutory Meeting held on the 31st December, 1919.

(2) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts up to 31st March, 1920.

(3) To sanction the declaratiotn of a dividend

(4) To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation.

(5) To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

(6) To transact such other business as may be put before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By order of the Board of Directors.
G. R. COCKMAN,
Secretary,
G. McKenzie & Co., (1919) Ltd.
Rangoon, June, 1920.

N. B.—The dividend when sanctionted will be made payable at the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., Rangoon, Calcutta or Bombay, on and after Wednesday, the 21st July, 1920, to tthose Shareholders whose names stand in the Register on Thursday, the 1st July, 1920 and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder to his last given address 2287

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RAMNIKLAL MOTILAL DESAI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undersigned all his interest and good-will in the concern called THE ARYEN TRADING AGENCY, Charni Road, Bombay and of the stock-in-trade, furniture and effects except the liabilities and outstandings of the Vendor in respect of the said concern.

All persons having or claiming any estate, title, interest, claim, or demand in to upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lien, charge, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to Mr. Sunderrao N. Talpade at 2nd Fanas Wadi, Dady Seth Agiary Road, Bombay No. 2 within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard or reference to such claim or claims, if any, and the same will be considered to have been waived.

SUNLERRAO N. TALPADE,
S. VINAYEK,
S. G. KOTHARE,
GOVINDRAO NARAYAN,
MALHARRAO KHANDERAO. 2488

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 1st proximo, till THURSDAY, the 15th proximo both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.
R. A. DON,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 10th June, 1920. 1602

HUZUR AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

BARODA STATE, BARODA.

WANTED—an AGRICULTURAL ENGINEER for the Department of Agriculture. The candidate must possess a thorough technical knowledge and good practical experience in Boring and specially in Motor Tractors. The duties of the post will be to improve indigenous implements, to supervise the boring operations, to give advice for oil engines and pumps and to attend to tractor trials. Foreign training preferred. Pay Rs. 200—25/2—400.

Applicatiins giving full particulars of applicants' age, education, technical training and experience, with testimonials should reach the undersigned not later than 31st July 1920.

(Sd.) C. V. SANE,
Director of Agriculture, Baroda. 2462

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Akola and Mid India Spg. Wg. & Mfg. Co. Ltd.

(In Liquidation.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a first distribution at the rate of Rs. per share of Rs. 100 each will be paid to shareholders on and from the 15th day July 1920 at the office of the Company No. 302-306, Bazargate Street, Fort, between hours of 1 and 4 p.m. (S. T.) except on Sundays and public holidays on presentation share certificates.

2213 LIQUIDATOR.

NOTICE.

WANTED—One energetic young man with capacity to organise and supervise Clearing House Work. Pay Rs. 300 to Rs. according to qualifications.

One knowing Banking, Accountancy, other general work.

Assistants for Clearing House work, with experience need only apply to:—

THE SECRETARY,
THE BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE, Ltd.
2509 Medows Street, Fort.

NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.,

Head Office,
5/7, Clive Street, CALCUTTA.
MARTIN & CO.,
Managing Agents.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Branch of the above Company will be established at "Liptons Buildings" 83, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, from July 15th 1920 and premiums may be paid and all communications may be addressed to the Branch Secretary.

W. St. JOHN CHURCH,
Resident Manager.
Bombay, Dated 10th July, 1920. 2383

NOTICE

THE ASSTT. DIRECTOR of S. and T. (Embarkation) Bombay, has five thousand tons of Burma Rice to dispose of. Interested parties are requested to inspect the Stock in Grain Depot, Mazagon and submit a quotation per 100 lbs. to undersigned up to 12 noon on 19th instant, stating the quantity they wish to purchase.

The offers will hold good for fifteen days.

For further particulars apply to undersigned.

J. M. MATTHEWS,
Captain,
For Asstt. Director of S. and T. (Embn)
Bombay.
No. 3 Shed Alexandra Docks,
Bombay, 11th July, 1920. 2491

POONA WAR MEMORIAL.

THE COMMITTEE of the Poona War Memorial Fund offer a prize of Rs. 500 for the best design for a War Memorial, in the form of an obelisk with inscription panels, to be erected opposite the Delhi gate of the Shanwar Wada, Poona, in the centre of the main road leading to the bridge over the Mutha river, at a cost not exceeding Rs. 25,000 including supervision charges. The design must be accompanied by full specifications, and must be sent in to the Collector of Poona by August 15th 1920. The Committee reserve the right to withhold the prize or to reduce it if the best design does not reach a certain standard of merit; also to adopt or not, or to modify, any design for which a prize is awarded. For any further information please apply to the undersigned.

W. F. HUDSON,
2490 Collector of Poona.

THE INDIAN IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LTD.

NEW ISSUE.

1ST CALL OF RS. 25 PER SHARE ON 1,50,000 SHARES OF RS. 100 EACH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above Call has been made by resolution of the Board of Directors and is payable on or before the 1st August, 1920, and the holders on the said shares are required within due date to forward remittance in payment to the office of the Company at No. 7, Hastings Street, Calcutta, along with scrip for endorsement.

By order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
7, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
June 15th, 1920. 1801

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FOR LOVERS OF ART.

FOR SALE—Two OIL PAINTINGS—Draupadi and Damyanti by RAVI VARMA, over fifty years old, 36in. by 40 in. each. Apply to Box No. 816, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THIS OFFICE ADVERTISEMENT, dated the 28th June, 1920, inviting designs for a Casket to contain the Address of Welcome to be presented by the Municipal Corporation of Bombay to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales on the occasion of his approaching visit, is hereby cancelled, as a design has since been approved. No design need therefore be sent to this Office by intending tenderers.

A. A. MOULVI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 13th July, 1920. 2521

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's S. S. "TAIAN MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo or single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of Steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

T. TAGAMI,
Manager.
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Bombay, 14th July, 1920.

NOTICE.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase or Lease or an immoveable property consisting of land and houses situate at Nesbit Road, Mazagon, the land contains by admeasurement 11613 square yards or thereabouts and is let on ease by the Government for a period of 99 years from the 1st day of September, 1903, and the Lease is renewable at the expiration of the said term for a further term of 99 years. The property is now in the occupation of Messrs. William Jacks and Co.'s tenants under a Lease which will terminate on the 27th day of April, 1921. The Vendors are Trustees and will sell or Lease the property as the case may be subject to the sanction of the High Court. The Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any offer.

For full particulars apply to the undersigned at his Office at No. 1 Esh Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 5th day of July, 1920.
JAL DOSSABHOY DICK,
Secretary,
Haji Zenal Abedin Shirazi Trust.
2167

THE INDIAN STANDARD WAGON COMPANY, LIMITED.

ORDINARY SHARES.

4TH AND FINAL CALL OF RS. 10 PER SHARE ON 40,000 ORDINARY SHARES OF RS. 100 PER SHARE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above Call has been made by Resolution of the Board of Directors and is payable on or before 15th August, 1920, and the Holders of the said Shares are required within the date to forward remittance in payment to the office of the Company at 7, Hastings Street, Calcutta, along with Scrip for endorsement.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
7 Hastings Street, CALCUTTA.
June 30th, 1920. 211

TO MEDICAL PROFESSION. NOVOCAIN

NOW

AVAILABLE

THE ORIGINAL NON-IRRITANT LOCAL ANAESTHETIC. Does not contain Cocaine. Six to seven times less Toxic. Safest and most reliable Local Anaesthetic. Gold Medal International Congress of Medicine, 1913.

Prices and literature on application.
Manufactured by.

Messrs. SACCHARIN CORPORATION, Ltd., (London)
Sole Agents India, Burma and Ceylon:—
Messrs. F. BUTTONSHAW & CO.,
Oak Lane, Bombay.

THE INDIAN IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LTD.

OLD ISSUE.

4TH AND FINAL CALL OF RS. 15 PER SHARE ON 1,40,000 SHARES OF RS. 100 PER SHARE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above call has been made by resolution on the Board of Directors and is payable on or before the 1st August, 1920, and the holders in the said Shares are required within due date to forward remittance in payment to the Office of the Company at 7, Hastings Street, Calcutta, along with scrip for endorsement.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
7, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
June 15th, 1920. 1800

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned will be pleased to receive applications for MANAGING AGENCY OF A BIG COLLIERY at Manbhum. Preference will be given, who will advance RUPEES ONE LAC against the colliery. Apply SARKER BROS., 98/4, Clive Street, CALCUTTA. 2486

NOTICE.

WE wish to hand over to clients their Papers relating to any suit or other matter completed before 1910. If such papers are not taken away before 31st July they will be destroyed.

EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & Co. 2528

LOST.

THE Industrial and Prudential Assurance Co.'s SHARE SCRIPS Nos. 33947-48, standing on the name of the undersigned in the Co.'s register have been LOST. Those who have any claim to them should communicate with the Co. within one month, after which time, duplicates will be issued.

VAIKUNTHRAI H. SWADIA. 2530

BENGAL BRIDGE & BOLT CO. LTD.

Managing Agents:
Messrs. J. C. BANERJEE,
20, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.

FINAL CALL NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Directors of Bengal Bridge and Bolt Co., Ltd. at their meeting held on the 9th instant made the final call of Rs. 2/8/-per share on 1,60,000 shares of Rs. 10/- each on which only Rs. 7/8/- per share have been paid to tdate. The full amount of the call must be sent to the Registered Office of the Company on or before the 24th of July, 1920, along with the scrips for endorsement.

J. C BANERJEE,
Managing Agents.
Dated, Calcutta, the 9th July 1920. 2525

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between our client Mr. CHIMANLAL RANCHODRAI DESAI and Mr. MUKUNDRAI JAMIETRAM THAKORE in the business of Importer and Exporter Merchants at No. 20, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, under the style of Keshariprasad and Co. has been dissolved as from the 12th day of July 1920, so far as regards Mr. Mukundrai Jamietram Thakore.

Mr. Chimanlal Ranchodrai Desai will continue to carry on the said business at the same place and under the same name.

Bombay, dated the 14th July, 1920.
CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE,
Attorneys for Mr. Chimanlal
2529 Ranchodrai Desai.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between our client Mr. CHIMANLAL RANCHODRAI DESAI and Mr. MUKUNDRAI JAMIETRAM THAKORE in the business of Importer and Exporter Merchants at No. 20, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, under the style of Keshariprasad and Co. has been dissolved as from the 12th day of July 1920, so far as regards Mr. Mukundrai Jamietram Thakore.

Mr. Chimanlal Ranchodrai Desai will continue to carry on the said business at the same place and under the same name.

Bombay, dated the 14th July, 1920.
CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE,
Attorneys for Mr. Chimanlal
2529 Ranchodrai Desai.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DHANJI HARIDAS, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property which he has agreed to purchase from The Church Missionary Trust Association, Ltd., to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax tenure, the pension tax whereon has since been redeemed with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Girgaum Back Road and Proctor Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 6,101.16 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Bombay under Old No. 216, New No. 1676, Old Survey No. 20 and New Survey No. 7359, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Bombay Municipality under D Ward Nos. 1684, 1805 (1) and Street No. 1 and Ward Nos. 1685 (2) 1685, Street Nos. 3 and 5, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North and North-East by the other property of the Vendor, on or towards the South and South-East, by the Girgaum Back Road, on or towards the South-East by the property of Anant Shivji Desai and on or towards the North-West by Proctor Road formerly Dhanji Street, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Vendor.

Dated this 13th day of July, 1920.
CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
2518

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JAMASJI KUTONJI MISTRY, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having or claiming any estate right, title, interest, claim or demand into upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes and to the undersigned at their office No. 11, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard or reference to such claim or claims, if any, and the same will be considered to have been waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Forasi land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West side of Sleater Road, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 4,476 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 44, New No. 13547, Old Survey No. 143, New Survey No. 7048 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3705 (2) and Street No. 8A, Ward No. 3705 (1) Street No. 8 and Ward No. 3705 (3) and Street No. 8B and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the said Sleater Road on or towards the West by public passage leading to Chikalwadi on or towards the North by Wallace Flour Mills and on or towards the South by the property now or late of Marwari Hurnuji and are now occupied by the tenants of the Vendor.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1920.
PURNANAND & CLUBWALLA,
2526 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one MADABAI, wife of Munshi Mohomed Ismail Kadarbhai, died on the 24th February, 1920, leaving an immoveable property described hereunder and leaving her surviving as her only heirs and legal representative her husband the said Munshi Mohomed Ismail Kadarbhai and our clients Chand Bibi, widow of Haji Ismail and Vazir Bibi, widow of Shaikh Valli, who are her sisters. The said Munshi Mohomed Ismail Kadarbhai has renounced all claim to a share in the estate of the said deceased. The said deceased had in her lifetime been got to make a fictitious transfer of the said property into the name of one Pehlvan Sarvarkhan Pathan and the said property still stands in his name. All persons are, therefore, hereby warned against dealing with the said Pehlvan Sarvarkhan Pathan in any manner whatsoever in respect of or in connection with the said property, which belongs to our clients absolutely.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Khoti land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Ville Parle, Taluka Salsette in the Sub-district Bandra, of the Registrar of Thana and containing by admeasurement thirty-three and a quarter gunthas or thereabouts be the same little more or less and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the land belonging to the Inamdar, on or towards the South by the land of Domingo Nambu Loch, and on or towards the West by the land of Ahmed Malu and on or towards the East by the land belonging to Inamdar and the said land is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Pot Nos. 30 and 5 Survey Nos. 72 and 78 and the said messuages and tenements thereon being assessed by the notified area committee under No. 79.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1920.
ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & Co.,
Attorneys for the said Chand
Bibi and Vazir Bibi.
2527

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai RATTONBAI, wife of Madhavrao Laxman Pednekar, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office No. 99, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government Pension and Tax land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Bhewrawady in Girgaum, in the Town and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement eighty-one square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 707, New No. 3224, Old Survey No. 607, New Survey No. 7959, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 237 and Street No. 8, and bounded on or towards the East and the North by the property of Chhabildas Lalloobhai or Dwarkadas Lalloobhai, on or towards the West by the property hereinafter secondly described, and on or towards the South by the property of Janardan Gopal.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government Pension and Tax vacant land or ground situate or lying and being in Bhewrawady in Girgaum, in the Town and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement thirty-six square yards or thereabouts, being the portion of the land hereinbefore firstly described, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 707, New No. 3224, Old Survey No. 607 and New Survey No. 7959, and bounded on or towards the East by the property hereinbefore firstly described, on or towards the West by the property of Khodadad Irani and on or towards the North and South by a passage.

Dated this 13th day of July, 1920.
MANTRI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2523

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

No. 1903 E. 1924
12/7/20. Reed.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of HAJI TARMAHOMED HAJI EBHARIM, late of Bombay Cutchi Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant ...Deceased.

HAJI JAN MAHOMED ADAM, residing at Mahim, 2. HAJI UMAR HAJI ADAM and (3) HARUN MAHOMED, residing at Bhuj Mohalla, all of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, the surviving executors named in the Will of the said deceased .....Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this sixth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty and in the eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Acting Registrar.

TAHIR ALI.
The 6th day of July, 1920.
Messrs. JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS.
Petitioners' Attorneys.
2515

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai MANECKBAI, widow of Dhunjishaw Kikabhai Hotelvalla alias Gandevia has contracted to sell to Mr. DINSHAWJI HORMUSJI JIJINA, who in his turn has contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Gresham Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure situate at Barber Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 141 square yards or thereabouts but as appearing from the Collector's Bill 133 2/9 square yards and registerd in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 256, New No. 5138, Old Survey No. 472, and New Survey No. 8990 together with the dwelling house and all buildings standing thereon and bounded, on the East by the property of Framji Shapurji Bilimoria, on the West by the property of Sorabji Nusserwanji Daruwalla, on the North by sweeper's passage and on the South by Barber Street and which premises are assessed under A Ward No. 1716 (F) and Street No. 46.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1920.

MULLA & MULLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

2524

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BHICAJI RAMJI WAREKAR, NARAYAN BHICAJI WAREKAR, SHANTARAM NARAYAN WAREKAR, ATMARAM NARAYAN WAREKAR and PRABHAKAR NARAYAN WAREKAR the last two minor and their guardian the said Bhicaji Ramji Warekar of Bombay Hindu inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our office No. 14 K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

FIRST:—All that piece or parcel of Juit and Ground Rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situtae, lying and being at Copper Smith Road, Mazagaon, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 129 sq. or thereabout and Registered in the Books of the Collector of land Revenue under Old Nos. 127, 138, New Nos. A/11442, 11453, Old Survey Nos. 206, 205, and New Survey Nos. 2/2483 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the West by the said Copper Smith Road, on or towards the North by on or towards the South by the Lease hold land belonging to the Vendor and beyond that by a public passage, and on or towards the East by which said premises are assessed by the Collector Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes together with the properties secondly and thirdly described under E Ward No. 5263 and Street Nos. 3, 5 and 7 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the vendor and his tenants.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land situate, on or near to the east side of Copper Smith Street, at Mazagaon, within the Town and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bomay, containing by admeasurement fifty square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North partly by Government vacant land and partly by the other land belonging to the vendor bearing New Survey No. 3483, on or towtards the East by the strip of land belonging to the Bombay Port Trustees bearing New Survey No. 3481 beyond which is land belonging to the Bombay Port Trustees bearing New Survey No. 3489 and on or towards the West partly by the said land belonging to the vendor bearing New Survey No. 3483 and partly by the Copper Smith Road aforesaid which said premises were Registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under Collector's Old No. Nil New No. 17109 Old Old Survey No. Nil New Survey No. 3/2483.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land at Mazagoo, admeasuring ten square yards and a quarter of another square yard of thereabout situate on the West side of Harbour Branch Railway Foncy in the City and Island of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, which said piece of land is Registered by the Collector of land Revenue of Bombay under part of New Survey No. 3481 and is bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by yand belonging to the Port Trustees, on or towards the East by the Port Trust Railway and on or towards the East by Government and on or towards the East by Government land leased to the vendor. All these three plots of land now forming one piece of land admeasuring 189½ square yards and is bounded, on the East by the land belonging to the Trustees of the Port of Bombay and acquired by them for the Bombay Port Trust Railway, on or towards the West by the said Copper Smith Road on or towards the North by Government vacant land and partly by the property of Dhanjibhoy Bomanji and on or towards the South by a public passage and beyond that by land belonging to the Bombay Port Trust, a

Dated this 14th day of July, 1920.

MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
2533 Purchaser's Attorneys.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,
20, Apollo Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 3469.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 PACKAGES BLACK PRINTS.

TO-MORROW FRIDAY, the 16th day of July 1920 at 3-30 p.m. (S. T. Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co, will sell by Public Auction near the Bailing Press in Champagali near Mulji Jetha Market by order of the concerned and on account and at thet risk of the defaulting purchaser, Messrs Haji Rahemtalla Shiraji and Sons.

7 Packages Black Prints.

Terms—Deposit 25 per cent and delivery within 2 days.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 15th July, 1920.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway Line.

AUCTION SALE OF A SCRIPP-BOOTH MOTOR CAR AND A ROYAL ENFIELD MOTOR CYCLE.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 15th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Auction at their Rooms No. 25 Medows Street, Fort, by order of the concerned.

One 2-3 seated Scripp-Booth Car 12-14 H.P. 4 Cylinder, 1915-1916 model fitted with dynamo and magneto with insurance effective till October with 3 electric lamps and without a horn.

One Royal Enfield Motor Cycle.
Both in working order.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 CASES BEST ENGLISH CORNELWOOD SHUTTLES.

On SATURDAY, the 17th inst at 3-30 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 25, Medows Street, Fort by order of the office concerned.

2 cases each about 4 gross best English cornelwood shuttles 14" x 1¼" x 4½".

3 cases each about 5 gross best English cornedwood shuttles 14" x 1½" x 6".

AUCTION SALE OF STORES AT SEWREE ON ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT.

On MONDAY, the 19th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Government Stores Depot at Haji Bunder Sewree by order of the controller (sales), Board of Industries and Munitions.

Lathe Parts, Rails, Hospital Huts, Tube wells, Turntables, w 1 pipes of sizes, w 1 plates, copper tanks, and jars, tables files Boring bars, shaping machine tools, Electric cable, Horse shoe nails, carpenter tools, Bunting cloth, American Nickel Plates, also their blades, wooden jacks, iron jacks, chesss, plain zine sheets, sail Buckets, jack screws, jim screws, coir Ropes, Pudle pounder, canvas screws, Gum boots, English and country twines, thin coir strong.

Also B. S. A. Brngeles, 3 motor cars, Ford Motor Lorry etc., etc.

Detailed list can be seen on application to the controller (sales) at his offices at New Customs House, Ballard Road or at the offices of the undersigned.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid to the Auctioneers and the goods to be removed within 8 days from the date of sale.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 15th July, 1920.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
BOMBAY.
No. 18, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay
Tel. No. 627

NOTICE.

SALE of the Wode House Road Property is POSTPONED sine die.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

MESSRS MODY & CO.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE SATURDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF JULY, 1920 AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

Auction Sale of very rich handsome dining drawing and bedroom artistic design furniture, sweet toned, grand rarely used (almost new) "S. Rose & Co.'s Brinsmead" cottage piano, silverware, glassware, crockery, dinner service, English bath tub, etc. Messrs. MODY & CO., will on Saturday the 31st day of July, 1920, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Apollo Bunder "Sorab House". The following household furniture, comprising, dining table, dining chairs side board, dinner wagon, mirror almirahs, clothes and gown press, chesterfield sofa, drawing room carpet, drawing room sofas and chairs, book case, dressing chest of drawers, and tables, marble wash hand tables and sets, English bath tub, sweet toned S. Rose & Co's "Brinsmead" cottage piano, piano settee, iron double cot, iron craddle, old china vases, iron safe on stand by "Anderson", Singer hand sewing machine, teapoys, revolving bookstand, Jost fan, electric table fan, easy chairs, clothes basket, card table, perambulator, screen, writing table, brass hall-lamp, hanging lamp, glassware, crockery, dinner servicc, platedware, cooking utensils, etc.

Property of "D Lea" Esquire of Port Trust.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 15th July, 1920.

BSA
COASTER
B·S·A
COASTER HUB
Gives Speed and Safety.
It embodies an easy running Free-wheel and a powerful brake which gives complete control of the bicycle at all speeds. The B.S.A. is the only Coaster Hub with a positive drive. It can be fitted to any bicycle.
Ask your local Cycle Agent for particulars
B.S.A. CYCLES LIMITED
Proprietors: The Birmingham Small Arms Company Limited.
BIRMINGHAM, - - ENGLAND.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EMPRESS

To-day at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

THUNDERING VITAGRAPH SERIAL

FINAL WEEK
FINAL WEEK
FINAL WEEK

of

"A FIGHT for MILLIONS"

featuring

William Duncan

14th and 15th Episodes

"THE DECOY"

and

"THE SEALED ENVELOPE"

Instantaneously you will be transported into a world of thrill—anticipation—swiftest action—plots—Romance.

Our Great Serial for Everybody

"The Scarlet Runner"

SPEED—ROMANCE
POWER—MYSTERY

Is the Keynote of this our 2nd serial

EACH EPISODE A COMPLETE STORY.

5th Episode.

"The Jacobean House"

NEXT WEEK!

The Sensational Romantic Drama

"A DASH
FOR A THRONE"

Featuring the beautiful

GUSTAVO SERENA

of "Quo Vadis" fame.

TWO DAYS MORE

to see to exquisite, soul-stirring Drama of the Present Day.

"THE VOLCANO"
"THE VOLCANO"
"THE VOLCANO"

which Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present this Week.

The celebrated popular, beautiful star Miss

LEAH BAIRD,

Is featured in this instructive Photoplay. The evil, disastrous consequences of the terrible scourge of the Present Day

BOLSHEVISM

are pitilessly exposed.

A Comedy in the Programme.

West-End Cinema

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD).

Four Shows Daily: 5-30; 7; 8-45; 10-15 p.m. (S.T.)

KEEP WIDE AWAKE!

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers will present on Saturday next another mighty Photoplay:

"A ROMANCE OF THE UNDERWORLD.

(5 parts—6,000 feet)

featuring the pretty star

CATHERINE CALVERT

in the principal role

NEXT SATURDAY

Fourth Instalment of

The big Universal thunderbolt serial

The Lion Man

Three more episodes abounding in thrills, hair-breath escapes, mysteries and sensational moments.

See it at

The popular picture rendezvous

CINEMA PRECIOUS

Tram Terminus. Grant Road.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE

HOME OF SELECT CINEMA.
Every day at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
LAST TWO NIGHTS OF THE POPULAR PICTURE BILL.
The 6 reels photoplay

"LOVE'S PRISONER"

Wealth and society shocked by the expose of reputed heiress who thieves that she may donate to charity.

ALSO A FINE COMIC.

A DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT!

Prices: Re 1-8, Re 1, Ans. 8 & 4. (Seats in Side Boxes Rs. 2) (Dress Circle Boxes Rs. 5 each)

NOTE—Special Trams.

CAR to Colaba via Bombay Gymkhana from Opera House Tram Terminus.

CAR to Victoria Gardens via Charni Road, Foras Road, Clare Road, Byculla, from Royal Opera House Tram Terminus.

CAR to Prince's and Victoria Docks from the newly opened Sandhurst Bridge Tram Terminus—which is opposite to Royal Opera House—proceeding on Sandhurst Road and crossing Charni Road, Khetwadi, Falkland Road, Null Bazar, Duncan Road Bhendi Bazar and Doongri Road.

THE GLOBE

Bombay's newest and best picture Palace.

The Management have pleasure in announcing that they shall present to the Bombay Cine-Lovers the Special Films of the famous house of Pathe and some of the finest and latest pictures from the World's Leading Producers.

TO-NIGHT

"A Love Cheat"

Starring

Creighton Hale

AND

June Caprice

A Refined Comedy in 5 Acts.

Directed by Albert Cappellani, producer of "A DAMSEL IN DISTRESS."

"Snub Pollard"

IN

Giving the Bride Away

Highclass Pathe Comedy

PATHE GAZETTE

The Most Up-to-date and Best Animated Newspaper of the World.

We have pleasure to announce next Saturday we will present a superthrilling Drama of six reels.

MARKED MEN

STARRING.

Harry Carey

WITH

Molly Malone

Adapted from Mr. Peter B. Kynes' great story.

THE THREE GODFATHERS.

Daily Shows at 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p.m.

THE GLOBE

Sandhurst Road, West

If you want to pass your evening in screen entertainment—entertainment in its most wholesome and appealing Form

SEE

The Goldwyn Special production

THE HELL CAT

Featuring

The best star in the screen Fermament

Geraldine Ferrar,

either at 5-15, 7, 8-45 or 10-30 at

THE MAJESTIC

Next Week

Daring, Fast and Furious

Featuring the popular favaurites.

FRANCIS FORD

in the Brothers serial supreme

MYSTERY OF 13.

every episode electrical with thrills and sensational deeds of daring

MYSORE AGUR BATTIS.

Amber Bathi per seer, Re. 8, 6, 4, 2.
Anamdia Bathi, per seer, Rs. 20.
Javvaji Bathi, per seer, Rs. 6.
Musk Bathi, per seer, Rs. 4.
Cavet Bathi, per seer, Rs. 2.
Sugunda Dhoop, per seer, Re. 1.
THE ANGLO-INDIAN TRADING CO.,
State Perfumers, Bangalore City.
2052

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMA

COMMENCING NEXT SATURDAY, 17TH.

"The Four Shadows"

A serial dealing with an innocent man's fight for right.

"The Four Shadows"

A serial story of a Fren Convict Island.

"The Four Shadows"

A thrilling Romance with no impossible situations.

"The Four Shadows"

Exciting Plot. Gorgeous Scenery. Superb Photography. Fine acting.

"The Four Shadows"

A serial especially for Excelsior Patrons.

THE EMPIRE

Direction: Madan Theatres, Ld.
Managment: J. F. MADAN & Co.

Daily at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

ALL TRAMS TO BORI BUNDER STOP AT THE DOOR

The Romance of a beautiful Girl's escape form a mistaken marriage.

"The Light Within"

POWERFUL WARNING AGAINST MARRIAGE FOR MONEY

featuring

Mme PETROVA

In the second of her famous Petrova Picture—The Dramatic Achievement in 6 reels.

"AROUND THE TOWN"

Around the London Theatres. Intimate pictures of the popular stars.

"PATHES GAZETTE"

Including the fastest race on record. 1920 DERBY

Showing the sensational Win of SPION KOP.

EMPIRE ORCHESTRA. The largest and finest Orchestra in India.

NEXT SATURDAY

The Fastest Heavy-weight contest for years

THE FIGHT FOR THE

Heavyweight Championship of England

Between

Beckets & Wells

The whole of the sensational fistic battle From Start to Finish.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p.m.

REYNOLDS DENNISTON LD. PRESENTS THE

DENNISTON PLAYERS

To-day, Thursday, July 15th at 9-30 p.m.

"BABY MINE"

One of the funniest Farces ever written.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCES

To-morrow Friday 16th & Saturday 17th at 9-30 p.m. and

REDUCED PRICE MATINEE SUNDAY 18th at 5-30 p.m.

For the first time in Bombay Another Brilliant and Clever Comedy

"OUR WIVES"

A play which is certain to break the Swileage per minute record. The Comedy Version of the popular musical Comedy.

"THE ONLY GIRL"

Booking at ROSE & Co. upto 6 p.m. After 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

Excelsior Cinema.

To-day at 6-30 p.m.

WILLIAM RUSSELL

The Dashing and Dare-Devil Actor

in

"THE FRAME-UP."

A Story of a Racing Car Hero with a Taxi-cab Villain

PATHE PICTORIAL

Science, History and Interest.

"FLIRTS AND FAKERS"

A non-stop film of laughter.

Imperial Cinema

Special Announcement

TO-NIGHT

Complete and Splendid Record of the great classic event

DERBY

1920

Don't miss it

IMPERIAL

To-Night

"Bound and Gagged"

Featuring

George B. Seitz

and

Marguerite Curtot

A Novel Serial of Intermingled Laughs, Thrills, and Suspense.

Episodes 5th & 6th.

PATHE GAZETTE

Latest News of the world in Pictures.

IT'S A HARD LIFE

Comic by Snub Pollard.

TIME—7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. daily. Sundays Matinees, at 3-30 & 5-15 p.m. and Saturdays at 5 p.m.

Popular Prices

IMPERIAL

"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW."

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation. 3-40 p.m.

Mails for Laurenzo, Marquis and South Africa per extra s.s. Kathiawar via. Dhanushkodi and Colombo closes at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, July 17.

Second Annual General Meeting, Central Co-operative Institute, Sirdar Mansions Apollo Street, 4 p.m.

LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

The London New-York cross rate on the 13th instant was 393 5/8.

POSTAL NOTICE

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan per s s the Dunera will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m., to-day.

CABLE TRANSIT TIMES

The General Superintendent Eastern Telegraph Co. Ltd. Bombay noticed the following transit times on Full Rates Cablegrams.

Bombay to London:—Full Rates 16 hours.
London to Bombay:—Full Rates 32 hours.

No transit times will be given in future on Deferreds unless over five days in transit.

LAD YOUNG MEN'S UNION.

A meeting of the Lad Youngmen's Union will be held at Hirabag on Saturday the 17th instant at 8-30 p.m. Mr. G. K. Dalal will speak on "The British Parliament Election"; Mr. K. M. Munshi will preside.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

Prof. S. P. Agharkar, M.A., who returned from Germany after 5 years and Mr. N. M. Joshi, B.A., Member of the Servants of India Society who returned from America were entertained by the members of the Young Men's Hindu Association on Saturday the 10th instant.

INDO-BURMA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

A correspondent writes:—

The Indo-Burma Steam Navigation Co. Ltd. is floated with an authorised capital of five crores of rupees divided into 50 lakhs of ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each. Among the directors are Lala Harkishanlal, the Hon. Mr. B. Chakarbati, the Hon. Maulvi and Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haque and Mr. James Taylor. The Managing Agents are Messrs. Mathu and Co.

INDIAN GUILD OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

The annual general meeting of the Indian Guild was held on Monday last, when the Honorary Secretary reviewed the work done by the Guild for the year July 1919-1920 and Dr. Ratan C. Rawley M.A., M.Sc., (Glasgow) D.Sc. (Lond) delivered an address upon the intetr-relations of Science and Industry. In the unavoidable absence of Shet Hansraj Pragji Thackersey, Prof. Kanga of the Royal Institute of Science presided. The report stated that the financial position of the Guild was now much better than last year. Their expenses had come to Rs. 597-12, while the receipts were Rs. 1,433 leaving a balance of Rs. 835-4. The activities of the Guild during the year under report consisted mainly in the issue of two volumes of proceedings containing papers read before the Guild, the organization of study classes to stimulate the detailed study in particular scientific subjects and the holding of public lectures for the promotion of Science and Industry. Mr. G. N. Potdar gave a short course of studies in Chemical Technology from August 1919 he was followed by Mr. Vasant Raghunath B.Sc. (Edin) with a course on Sanitary Problems in India, while Prof. Naik of the Wilson College gave a course of very widely attended lectures on steam as a motive power. Apart from these courses three public lectures on three most important industries in India were held during the year, one being illustrated with practical demonstrations. Mr. J. K. Mehta spoke on the wool industry in India. Mr. Padamsey Narsibhai proprietor, Matunga Glass works lectured on the Glass Industry in India with practical demonstrations while Mr. Amritlal Desai M.A., (Wisconsin U.S.A.) some time Director of Agriculture in Baroda dealt with the development of the Indian Sugar Industry. The Indian Guild has now a reading room where scientific journals are kept. It is intended to add to it considerably during next year.

Dr. Rawley then delivered his address. Discussing the inter relations of science and industry he remarked that the ideal of industry was the production of marketable commodities at a minimum cost, so as to leave a handsome margin of profits for those engaged in it. This was impossible without obtaining maximum efficiency in the process of manufacture. To obtain such efficiency the industrialist had to seek the help of science because science was constantly revealing unseen forces in the physical properties of matter and the scientist was constantly contributing to the industrial knowledge of the world. The leading capitalist of Europe and America had realized the necessity of co-operating with the scientist. In our country the lack of cohesion between science and industry was due to the presence of the individualistic theory and to the notion that the expenditure of money and energy must result in individual gain alone. This was a mistaken idea. The co-operation of science and industry must ultimately result in the common good of all. He illustrated with concrete example this point, showing how scientific discovery and research had developed the efficiency of many industrial concerns, and pleaded strongly for a Central National Research Institution in this country where raw material could be tested and analysed for commercial uses.

IMPERIAL.

Episodes Seven and Eight of the Serial, "Bound and Gagged," featuring George B. Seitz and Marguedite Curtot, Pathe Gazette with the lates news of the world and a delightful comedy by Baby Marie Osborne compdises the programme this week at the Imperial. "Bound and Gagged," aside from starring its director, has quite another claim to fame. It is a ten episode comedy Drama in which Mr. Seitz proves himself a gymnast and athlete as well as a master of facial expression. Judging from the previous episodes he will run all followers of the Fairbanks school a close race in the matter of "Stunt." There are two leading feminine roles of almost equal importance played by Marguerite Coudtot and Nell Burt.

The Hon. Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna is a candidate for the Council of State for one of the three seats allotted to the Bombay Presidency.

BOMBAY CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE.

LAST YEAR'S RECORD.

The second report for the year ending 31st March, 1920 of the above Institute, which will be placed before the 2nd annual general meeting to be held next Saturday has been issued. In the course of it, it is stated that the number of members during the year rose from 539 to 719 of which 392 are societies and 327 individuals comprising of 9 Life Members, 34 Associates and 274 ordinary members. It is a great pleasure to note that H. H. the Maharaja Saheb Gaekwad of Baroda has become a Patron by making a donation of Rs. 2,000 to the Institute. It may be hoped that other Princes and high personages will follow his Highness's example and give stimulus to the work of the Institute.

Two classes for training Senior Secretaries were held, one in Bombay and the other at Dharwar. The former was conducted for the benefit of the Marathi and Gujerati knowing secretaries and the latter for those knowing Kanarese. Four Junior classes were held at Satara (Dt. Nasik), Poona, Broach and Dharwar.

It is proposed to hold a class in English in Bombay at the beginning of August for the benefit of the college students at the desire of several of them. A junior class in Marathi will also be very shortly held in Bombay. The Committee has issued a leaflet on the courses prescribed for the senior and junior Classes (vide Leaflet 2 of the Institute.)

The Housing Committee carried on the work of the Bombay Co-operative Housing Association. It organized 10 lectures during the year and issued as many leaflets. It helped with advice and literature the various co-operative housing schemes in the Presidency. The promise of Government loan gave impetus to several societies being formed. Altogether 14 new societies were registered in the year, of which 6 are in Bombay and its suburbs, 5 in the districts, and 3 in Karachi. Many new societies are in the process of formation. A detailed report of the Association is being published separately.

The Bombay Co-operative Quarterly is being issued regularly every quarter.

The Library and Reading Room of Co-operative Literature. Several additions were made to the stock of literature by purchase and exchange. A detailed catalogue will be shortly issued.

Lectures.—The most important event of the year was the lecture delivered by Mr. G. K. Deodhar, M.A., Senior Member of the Servants of India Society in August last on "the Message of Western Co-operation." His Excellency Sir George Lloyd presided and the attendance was fairly large. The lecture has been published as a Leaflet of the Institute (No. 3). Another lecture in Marathi was delivered by Mr. R. M. Sane, Divisional Hon. Organizer on Co-operation among Labouring Classes at the Currimbhoy Ibrahim Workmens' Institute. Rao Bahadur P. B. Joshi presided. Mr. Sane also delivered several lectures in the districts on behalf of the Institute. A series of lectures are being organised during the current year.

Conferences.—Six District Co-operative Conferences were held during the year under the auspices of the Institute, these being conducted by local workers. They were convened at the following places. Ahmednagar, Jalgaon (for East Khandesh Dt.), Sholapur, Ratnagiri, Surat, and Dharwar. Small money contributions were given by the Institute to the first five of them, but the sixth was able to collect enough contributions locally.

Vernacular Co-operative Journals. Besides the English Co-operative Quarterly the Institute has been issuing monthly Journals in the three Vernaculars of the Presidency. They are "the Kannada Sahakari" in Kanarese published at Puttur in South Canara. "the Sahakari Mitra" in Marathi published in Poona, and "the Sahakari Patrika" in Gujarati published in Surat.

The Committee for other Co-operative Work discussed the following schemes and intimated their opinions thereon to the persons who brought them forward: 1. A Co-operative Sugar Cane Factory. 2. Information Bureau for Co-operative Stores. 3. A Wholesale Society for Purchase and Sale. 4. A Showroom for samples of different articles produced by Co-operative Societies or their members.

On account of the increasing work of the Institute the Board have thought fit to appoint a paid full-time Secretary to assist the Hon. Secretary.

FINANCE.

Though the income over the expenditure has apperantly yielded a balance of Rs. 2,146 the result was due to the fact that some items of expenditure like the Gujarati and a Maratti Journals started work at a late period of the year, and some of the concerns take n over by the Institute like the Library and the Bombay Co-operative Housing Association brought with them the balances in their hands. On account, however, of the expected growth of work in the current year as outlined and the increase of cost of printing, stationery etc., the current year's budget has shown a deficit of about Rs. 6,000 and though this amount could be partly met from the last years balance, the remainder could only be hoped to be met by donations and by an increase in the membership of the Institute. It is therefore requested that the present members of the Institute and its sympathisers will be good enough to induce their friends and the Societies in their charge to enlist as members.

The want of suitable accommodation to house the office of the Institute and its various activities, such as the lectures, discussions and the Training Classes etc. has greatly hampered the work of the Institute. The question of having a building of its own has engaged the attention of the Board for some time past and they have accordingly addressed a letter to the Registrar to move Government for securing a suitable site for erecting a building. The question of a building will again involve one of large funds. It is hoped that the numerous philanthropists in the City and in other large towns will generously extend a hand of help to the good cause which the Institute has been instrumental in promoting.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 14.

A depression has formed at the head of the Bay and monsoon has weakened in the Gangetic plain and Punjab. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Orissa, Nagpur, the Central Provinces, Konkan, Malabar and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, the United Provinces, Gujarat, Mysore and North Madras coast. A few falls also occurred in Assam, Bihar, North-East Baluchistan, east Rajputana, Bombay Deccan, south Hyderabad and east Madras.

The chief amounts are:—Table Island, Tavoy, Diamond Island two inches, Victoria Point, Mergui three, Moulmein, Akyab four, Myitkyina, Cherrapunji, Saugor Island, Ranchi one and a half, Sambalpur one, Gaya two, Gorakhpur, Bareilly a quarter, Lucknow one, Jhansi, Mukteswar one and a half, Simla one, Bharampur three, Harnai a half, Ajmer three, Nowgong, Sutna one and a half, Seoni a half, Mercara two.

Forecast:—Extension in North-East of Peninsula and South Bengal.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION BY PARSI LADY.

SUDDEN COLLAPSE OF "FURTHER CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Yesterday was resumed the hearing of the case in which D. B. Wadia a Solicitor's Clerk and Miss Meherbai Framji Barocha are charged in the Court of the Desai First Class Resident Magistrate Bandra with defamation by Miss Lily Paul.

Mr. Pandurang Patil and Mr. Joshi, B.A., L.L.B., appeared for the prosecution.

Counsel for accused No. 1 was not present, while accused No. 2 was represented by Mr. Chitnis, Solicitor.

His Worship said he had fixed that day for further cross-examination of prosecution witnesses and he would not postponed the case owing to absence of Counsel.

Accused No. 1: I do not wish to have any postponement and I will myself cross-examine each and every witness, so saying the complainant Miss Lily Paul was called to the witness-box.

Accused No. 1 I do not wish to have any referring to maintenance signed by the deceased Dorabji?

Mr. Patil: This is perfectly irrelevant and does not affect the question of defamation. Where and when the document was signed could not in any way take away anything from the gravity of the defamatory allegation that the deceased Dorabji was done to death by the complainant.

The Magistrate: I disallow the question.

The accused said he asked the question for it was contended for the complainant both in the High Court and the lower court that the letter to the D. S. P. Thana was the result of a conspiracy between the two accused, the accused No. 2 having instigated accused No. 1 to write the letter so as to harass complainant with the object of discouraging her to put in any claim on the estate of Dorabji. The question was asked, said the accused, to show the good faith in which the letter was written.

Mr. Patil: No matter what the motives were—they might have been the very best in writing the letter, yet it would be none the less a serious defamation to say that the complainant had murdered Dorabji.

His Worship disallowed any questions pertaining to the agreement.

The accused said the agreement was put in as an exhibit in the case and he had every right to ask the question he did.

His Worship having declined to have any such questions the accused asked that a note be taken that his questions were disallowed by the Court, and he also said that on account of this ruling he did not wish to further cross-examine any other witnesses.

The Magistrate then asked the accused to give a list of his witnesses in an hour or so. The accused said he would submit the same the next morning. But his worship said that there had been, as it was, a considerable delay in the case. He had orders from the High Court to finish it soon and he would, therefore, not allow any further unnecessary delay. There was ample time to have prepared the list.

Accused: I am dragged into Court for nothing. I am put to horrible expense.

The Magistrate: I have nothing to do with that.

Eventually, the case was fixed for the 21st instant.

MORE MOTOR ACCIDENTS.

EUROPEAN FATALLY RUN OVER.

The Coroner held an inquest touching the death of S. G. Grant, an European, aged 35, serving in the Army and Navy Stores. The deceased met with an accident near the Churchgate Station on Tuesday evening, and was taken to the St. George's Hospital where he died yesterday morning.

Captain William Boylette said he was driving with his family on Tuesday evening in taxi-car No. 7343. They were driving along the Queen's Road towards Churchgate Station. He saw the deceased crossing the road from the oval towards the footpath on the West, the car was going at the ordinary speed. The driver sounded the horn, when the deceased was in the middle of the road. The deceased got confused and he tried to rush across the road towards the West. The driver swerved to the right when the deceased turned to go back. The driver then turned to the left to avoid him, and he was knocked down by the right front wheel. The car was stopped and the deceased was taken to the hospital. The driver slowed down when he saw the deceased and had he not stepped back he would not have been run over. The wheels went over him, and the speed at the time was about eight miles per hour.

The cause of death was fracture of the base of skull.

The jury returned a veddict of accidental death.

BOMBAY PARSIS.

DEMAND FOR ADEQUATE REPRESENTATION IN COUNCIL.

The following resolution has been sent to Mr. Montagu, the Secretary of State for India, by the Council of the Parsi Central Association:—

"The Parsi Central Association greatly regret the utter disregard shown by Government towards the claims of the community for representation on the Councils. The community did not in the first instance press for separate representation if it was not conceded to others and they did not ask for it even at a later date on the assumption that they would have a fair chance through the General Electorates. That has been denied to them firstly by the limited number of seats given to Bombay City; secondly, by the reservation of the two seats for the Mahrattahs in Bombay. This makes the Parsi representation impossible and the Association have made representations to the Bombay Government to remedy it. The Association earnestly appeal to you to step in and prevent a grievous wrong being done to community, not the least important among the minorities in India. The Association urge that either adequate separate representation may be given or some seats at least may be reserved for the Parsis in the Bombay City."

The Bombay office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, is in receipt of a telegram from the Head Office in Hongkong stating that the Directors have declared an ad-interim dividend for the half year ending 30th June, 1920 at the rate of £3 per share, subject to deduction of Income Tax, payable 9th August, and shall be obliged if you will kindly publish this information in your paper as an item of news.

COUNCIL ELECTIONS.

MR. KULKARNI'S MANIFESTO.

The following manifesto has been addressed by Mr. K. A. Kulkarni of Dharwar to the voters of that district:—

At the request of numerous friends in this district, I hereby announce my candidature for one of the two seats in the Provincial Legislative Council, allotted to this district.

I have been all along a staunch Congressman and my friends both Brahmins and non-Brahmins know it, and declaration from me to this effect is a superfluity. However, as I find that candidates all over India are making their confession of faith on various points including this, I bow to the practice and hereby declare my complete allegiance and loyalty to the Congress creed in the attainment by India of Self-Government within the Empire. I strongly hold that India is fit for immediate responsible Government and that therefore the Indian Reform Act of 1919 is inadequate, unsatisfactory and disappointing, to use the words of the Congress resolution at Amritsar.

I hold that Karnatak is seriously handicapped by its having been cut up and included under different administrations and I shall zealously work towards the fruition of the important resolution passed in the recent Karnatak Conference demanding the formation of a separate Karnatak province on linguistic basis with a separate university and a harbour of its own.—This district is mainly an agricultural district and there are many problems which vitally affect the interest of agriculturists. I shall leave no stone unturned to press for the redress of such grievances in the Legislative Council. I own considerable agricultural land in this district and hence I am in a position of first-hand knowledge about agriculturists' grievances.

WATANDARS.

Much work has to be done in the new Council on behalf of the *Watandars*. In their own interest, if for nothing else, *Watandars* have to put up a strong fight in the Legislative Council whenever any measure, jeopardising their interests is proposed. I am myself a *Watandar* and I am in intimate touch with the concensus of *Watandar* feeling in the district. I shall exert to the utmost of my capacity to safeguard and advance the interests of the *Watandars*.

I am aware that the people in Karnatak are much backward in point of education for which I keenly feel. The cause of education in general and of primary education in particular, will therefore receive my special attention and shall try my level best to further agricultural, scientific and technical education.

This district has undoubtedly a predominance of non-Brahmin population and among the non-Brahmins, the Lingayats form an important part; very great efforts have been made by selfless and patriotic non-Brahmin persons like Rao Bahadur Artal and Mr. S. V. Menasinkai to spread ordinary and higher education among the non-Brahmins during the last two or three decades. The result is that at present there are numerous members in the non-Brahmin community who are in no way inferior to the Brahmin friends in attainments and capacity. No doubt their number is very small when compared with that in the Brahmin community. I am of opinion that the non-Brahmin community should see that both seats earmarked for the district are occupied by non-Brahmins only. I am sure that even our Brahmin friends cannot call us selfish in the matter because in my view the desire to capture both the seats is not only legitimate but even honourable. It only shows our capacity for self-sacrifice and our earnestness to serve our dear Motherland.

Work in the Council will not be a holiday jab in future. Council members will have to sacrifice much time, energy and money for the sake of the country. I know that if strenuous efforts are made by us, the non-Brahmins, both the seats will be ours. Our Brahmin friends ought to help us if they see deserving and self-sacrificing non-Brahmins standing for election, who can fearlessly espouse and advance the cause of the Motherland. I know that caste ought not to be exploited in the matter of Council elections. But I have written the above as I think that this is one of the ways in which the differences between the Brahmins and the non-Brahmins will be minimised and will even gradually be made to disappear. In conclusion, I wish to assure the electorate in this district that I place my service at their disposal and I request them to elect me.

RECEPTION TO PRINCE.

BOMBAY'S PREPARATIONS.

A meeting of the Executive Committee was held at the Corporation Hall on Tuesday the 13th instant at 6 p.m., with the Hon. Mr. Purshotamdas Thakurdas, C.I.E., M.B.E., in the chair. His Excellency Sir George Lloyd kindly attended the meeting. His Excellency in thanking the Committee for inviting him to attend the meeting offered the co-operation of Government in any matter that the Committee may desire. He stated that he himself would be quite willing to come down to Bombay if necessary to meet the Committee again and that he would follow the work of the Sub-Committee with great interest.

The appointment of the following Sub-Committees was announced:

1. The Subscription Collection.
2. Decoration.
3. Illumination.
4. School Children's Entertainment.
5. People's Fair.
6. Memorial.
7. Reception of ex-Soldiers in the War.
8. Entertainment of the Poor.

Major Gorrie to act as Secretary in Charge.

Entertainment of the Poor Committee:—"Resolved that the Committee be requested to report the best means of celebrating the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales amongst the poor."

Memorial Committee:—"Resolved that the Executive Committee do decide that the memorial should take the form of a Hospital for Children and that the Sub-Committee be requested to report as to the cost thereof and such further details as they consider fit."

Dr. N. H. Sukhia proposed a hearty vote of thanks to his Excellency Sir George Lloyd which was carried with acclamation.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.

HAS HE RIGHT TO WRITE MINUT OF DISSENT?

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. Mirza A. M. Khan presiding.

The Committee resolved to postpone for a fortnight the consideration of a letter to the Standing Committee, dated the 28th June, 1920, from Messrs. Marvanji Kola & Co., Solicitors, on behalf of their clients Messrs. Ali Mahomed Cumrudin and Tyebally Cumrudin, stating that when the matter of the arrangement made between the Commissioner and their clients in regard to their clients' house at premises bearing new Survey No. 155, Lady Hardinge Road, was placed before the meeting of the Standing Committee held on the 23rd June 1920, Dr. Javle made certain allegations against their clients with the result that the majority of the members of the Committee were led away to refuse sanction to the arrangement and to adhere to the previous resolution of the Committee for having the building removed, submitting that the said allegations including those charging "the owner of the building" with words derogatory to the dignity of the Corporation and of the Standing Committee were absolutely untrue and unfounded, explaining the circumstances under which the building came to be erected, and why the sanction given by the Standing Committee to pull it down was "illegal and ultra vires," showing the advantages accruing to the Municipality by the acceptance of the arrangement proposed by the Commissioner and requesting that the matter might be reconsidered and their clients exonerated "from the unwarranted and unjustified aspersions against them."

The Committee considered a report of the Sub-Committee regarding proposals for the revision of the schedule of the Municipal Secretary's office staff. The Sub-Committee were of opinion that the staff should be regraded as under:—

No. of posts.	Nature of posts.	Grade. Rs.
1	Chief Clerk	200-10-250.
4	Senior Clerks ...	125-5-175
9	Clerks	40-5-125 with two efficiency bars, one at Rs. 70 and another at Rs. 100."

Mr. H. B. Clayton, Municipal Commissioner, writes:—

"I have expressed my views before the Sub-Committee and do not wish to repeat them. I will agree to four clerks (125-5-175) as a compromise but I think the Standing Committee should consider carefully which if any of the existing staff should be appointed to these posts."

COMMISSIONER'S MINUTE—"NOT PROPER."

Mr. A. M. Moulvi, Municipal Secretary, read out a letter from Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia in which the latter asserted that it was not proper for the Commissioner to write a dissenting minute. Dr. Sukhia added he regretted to observe the highly unconstitutional manner in which the Commissioner had acted in writing the minute and the Secretary in appending it to the report, and he requested that this letter of protest be placed before the Committee and the Corporation.

Dr. R. T. Nariman said that in the whole history of the Committee and the Corporation he had not heard of a Commissioner writing a minute.

Mr. B. R. B. Jeejeebhoy said it was no minute at all. The Municipal Commissioner had merely given his opinion which he had a perfect right to do.

Dr. R. T. Nariman said the Commissioner had every right to express his opinion verbally at Committee meetings, but he had gone beyond his limits in this case in writing a minute.

Mr. B. R. B. Jeejeebhoy enquired if it was not the practice to send all reports to the Commissioner?

The Chairman said that was so.

Sir Sassoon J. David: Yes, for perusal.

The Chairman said the Commissioner was within his right in making the minute.

COMMISSIONER'S EXPLANATION.

Mr. H. B. Clayton, Municipal Commissioner, asked when the draft report of a sub-committee came to him and if he disapproved of it, what was he to do; He had to put on record the fact that he disagreed with the report. It was necessary that the Standing Committee should know what his views were. He must claim a right to put a minute of dissent to the report of the committee which was sent to him. He was always entitled to express his opinion under Section 49 (a).

Mr. H. P. Mody said the question was that this report was a report of a Sub-Committee and not being a member of it could the Commissioner put a minute of dissent?

Mr. B. R. B. Jeejeebhoy said the Commissioner had a right to take part in the discussions of the Sub-Committee and had merely expressed his opinion.

Mr. Mody said the question was whether the Commissioner's powers extended beyond expressing his opinion at meetings to appending a minute to reports.

Mr. B. R. B. Jeejeebhoy said how the Commissioner could otherwise express his opinion if he was absent from a meeting.

Mr. Mody said consultations might take place between the Committee and the Commissioner but the report was the Committee's report.

The Chairman said he had already given his opinion in the matter.

The Committee then resolved to adopt the Sub-Committee's report.

HUNTER REPORT.

PROTEST MEETINGS IN GUJERAT.

During the course of this last week Public meetings were held at Bhadeli, Sisodra, Limbasi and Chaloda to protest against the Hunter Report and Resolutions were passed to support the recommendations made by the Congress Sub-Committee.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 14.

S S Taian Maru—Kawashima, Kobe, etc.
S S Bervindmoor—Lucas, Singapore.

The following vessels obtained their pore clearances yesterday:—

S S Nirvana—Learmont Genoa.
S S Dunera—Walker, China.
S S Chakdina—Oliver, Persian Gulf.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Kentucky for Madras.
Steamer Barjora for Persian Gulf.

S S Taian Maru:—The N Y K steamer Taian Maru, 3135 tons, Captain Y Kaiwashima, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, etc., with a general cargo and 2 Japanese passengers.

S S Bervindmoor:—The steamer Bervindmoor, 3081 tons, Captain L T Lucas, arrived in harbour yesterday from Singapore, with a cargo of liquid fuel oil and 150 drums turpentine.

S S Nirwana:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Nirwana, 3768 tons, Captain H P Learmonth, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Genoa, etc., with a general cargo.

S S Chakdina:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Chakdina, 1579 tons, Captain A E Oliver, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Persian Gulf with a general cargo.

S S Dunera:—The B I S N Coy's China mail steamer Dunera, 3419 tons, Captain W Walker, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for China and Japan Ports, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Wednesday, 14th July 1920.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Ahmedi	..P Gulf	N F	..H Hamp & Co
B Indus Maru	..Kobe	12-7	..O S Kaisha
C & R Bastern Cross	..Calcutta	N F	..J F & Co
D & E Class Maclaurye		N F	..J F & Co
F Bahadur	..Coast Post	N F	..T M & Co
G Skuld	..Bankok	17-17	..J F Campbell & Co
H Shinkai Maru	.. N F	N F	.. Kaisha
M Nevya	.. N F	N F	..M M & Co
N Ayrfa	..London	31-7	..M M & Co
P Solergo	..Antwerp	25-7	..T M & Co
Q Nagpur	..Cocain	N F	..A I & C H Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Sabarmati	..Marmagoa	14-7	..K N & Co
Irrawadi	..Karachi	N N	..K N & Co
Indravati	.. N F	N F	..K N & Co
Mahanadi	.. N F	N F	..K N & Co
Saraswati	.. N F	N F	..K M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Jaian Maru	.. Kobe	24-7	..N Y Kaisha
3 Barala	..Busrah	19-7	..M M & Co
4 Barpeta	..Bushra	16-7	..M M & Co
5 Akbar	..Jeddah	17-7	..T M & Co
6 Bandra	.. N F	19-7	..M M & Co
7 Bahrein	.. N F	14-7	..M M & Co
8 Bombay Maru	..Kobe	18-7	..N Y Kaisha
9/11 Kennecky	..Calcutta	N F	..Graham & Co
15 Iran	..P Gulf	17-7	HS Secretary & Co
16 Zayoni	..Red sea Ports	N F	HS Shipping & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Schiedijk	.. Colombo	10-7	E D Sassoon & Co
2 Chakdina	.. N F	N F	..M M & Co
3 Rio	..Southartan	15-7	..M M & Co
5 Mirvan	..London	14-7	..T M & Co
6 Dunera	..China	15-7	..M M & Co
10 Beandenburg	..Vladivelste	N F	..W A G & Co
11 Baron Ardrossen	..Calcutta	N F	..W A G & Co
12 Chupra	.. N F	N F	..M M & Co
13 Clan Robertson	.. N F	N F	..J F & Co

Offside

Gray Cloud	..Calcutta	N F	..T M & Co
14 Moora	..London	24-7	..M M & Co
15 Covervanna	..Busrah	15-7	..M M & Co
16 Sandakan	..Busra	N F	..D R I M
17 Kandy	.. N F	N F	..W A G & Co

HARBOUR WALL

Bervindmoor	..Karachi	N F	..Asiatic Petroleum

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

Gracchus	.. N F	N F	..M M & Co

HUGHES DRY DOCK.

Heron Emli	.. N F	2-8	..C K P T & Co
Bahaduri	.. N F	N F	..K N & Co

EXPORTS

July 14.

S S Scindia for Liverpool:—250 bales hemp, A Chegia & Co; 46 bales silk noils, David Sassoon & Co; 1726 cwt linseed oil cake, Brent & Co; 57 bales wool, Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co Ltd.

S S Scindia for Barcelona:—100 bales cotton, E Spitzner & Co.

S S Salerno for Hamburg:—200 bales cotton, Mitsui Bussen Kaisha.

S S Salerno for Antwerp:—6000 cwt crushed bones, Messrs Hollinghurst & Co; 2996 cwt sugar, The Bombay Company Ltd; 4087 cwt sugar Ralli Bros; 318 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 250 tons manganese ore, Central India Mining Co Ltd; 200 cwt mustered seed Volkart Bros.

S S Salerno for Ghent:—220 bales cotton, Walter Pavatt & Co.

S S Bombay Maru for Shanghai:—cotton, Madhavdas Amersey & Co.

S S Dunera for Shangsai:—2 bales cotton, The Indo-British Co. Ltd.

IMPORTS

July 14.

S S Bahadur from Calcutta, Agents—Turner Morrison & Co., Ltd.:—2635 bales cotton, 112 bales piece goods, 10 bales hemp twine, 2 drums black varnish, 33 kegs mineral colour, 15 kegs white paint, 50 bales jutties, 15 bags big cardamoms, 1311 bags pepper, 237 cases 770 bags ginger, 293 rolls mattings, 855 bales gunny, 280 bags dry ginger, 85 cases tea, 17815 bales coir yarn.

S S Nellore from China Agents Mackenzie Mackenzie & Co:—69 cases silk piece goods, 75 bales rum silk, 136 bags 610 cases, 98 green tea, 129 cases black tea, 10 cases cotton socks, 3 cases waste silk yarn.

S S Bandra from Busra Agents B I S N Company, Ltd.—294 cases 178 bags rosaries, 1 bales dry fish, 325 bags dry dates, 10 bags seeds, 23 bales cotton piece goods, 150 bags dry ginger, 25 bags apricots, 4 bales shoes, 18 bales spice.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometer:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and the level of the tide at 6-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 14th July 1920 was 29.855 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased 0.13 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg.

In case of the aneroid the temperature correction is needed but for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide in the streets at 6-49 a.m., Standard Time the ship's barometer readings should be increased by 0.01 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Thursday, July 15, 1920.

THE ISSUE.

That the better mind of Englishmen and Englishwomen in this country would sooner or later revolt against the Punjab barbarities of last year and speak out in no unmistakeable terms against the protagonists of "frightfulness" in administration, was what was to be expected of a nation that, in spite of all its shortcomings, has done much to recognise the freedom of conscience and the rights of man and to establish the foundations of Government on goodwill and righteousness rather than on might and terrorism. The manifesto which we publish to-day, signed by a number of well-known missionaries, condemning the Dyerian atrocities, reflects, we sincerely hope, not only the attitude of the various missionary organisations in India, but also of the righteous-minded members of the European community. "As Englishmen," the signatories assure us, "we regard Prussianism, wherever practised, as damnable and futile." It is a matter of deep regret that there are several countrymen and countrywomen of these missionaries who still persist in shutting their eyes to the heinousness of all the unspeakable deeds of the Martial Law regime, culminating in the cold-blooded butchery of Jallianwala Baug. We have only to open the pages of the "Pioneer," the "Englishman" or the "Civil and Military Gazette" to see how, from day to day, the gospel of "Prussianism", in all its unashamed nakedness, is being preached, poisoning the atmosphere of this country and provoking the worst human passions. There even women to be found who have caught the infection of race hatred and one of them may be seen proposing in the "Englishman" that a public meeting of the British women of Calcutta should be held in the Town Hall to pass a vote of thanks to O'Dwyer, Dyer and other "brave officers who saved the Punjab and India last year." Englishmen and Englishwomen in India are prone to speak of Dyer and his compatriots having "saved India for the Empire," but do they reflect on the warning uttered two thousands years ago from the shores of Galilee? What shall it profit the English nation if it gain the whole world and lose its soul? In endorsing the atrocities of their countrymen in the Punjab, Britishers, both individually and collectively as a nation, stand the grave risk of losing their soul. Are they prepared to do that? One happy circumstance in connection with the attitude of the European community in India towards the Punjab tragedy is that on this side of the country their attitude has, on the whole, been satisfactory, at least in a negative aspect. They have refrained from deifying Dyer and other martial law officers and from adding insult to the injury already done to Indians. We are, of course, speaking of the generality of Europeans in Western India and not of the solitary jackal of the local Anglo-Indian press which has been trying to follow in the footsteps of its Northern Indian comrades. We are glad to see that our morning contemporary repudiated yesterday the gospel of brute force which it had, strangely enough, taken a fancy to preach on the day previous. We leave it to our contemporary to explain to its own satisfaction, the sudden *volte face* which it has seemed proper to perpetrate. The two voices which spoke out through the columns of our contemporary on two successive days are exactly the two voices which have been struggling for mastery in the mind of the average Englishman and Englishwoman in this country—one, the voice of pseudo-patriotism and the other the voice of conscience which is above all race and creed. So far as our contemporary and those for whom it speaks are concerned, we are glad that the latter voice has triumphed and there has been a frank repudiation of the creed of "Prussianism" to which a little while before they had owned allegiance. The "Times of India" has come to recognise that the demand for the punishment of those guilty of excesses is no "hysteria," as it tried to make out in its previous day's leaderette. It is not correct to say, as it did, that "not all the impeachments, trials and imprisonments in the world can help India one jot or tittle." These things are vitally needed at least as warnings for the future. Otherwise we might as well forego all punishments of the wrong-doers, pickpockets, murderers and highway robbers, because their deeds have been done and cannot be undone. The punishment of wrong-doers of the Punjab ought to be secured irrespective of their race or creed or position in life. This must be the first and foremost condition of any true co-operation between Britishers and Indians. It rests with the European community in India to realise the gravity of this issue and to strengthen or undermine the foundations of goodwill between the two communities. Which path will they follow?

An Amazing Argument.

The repudiation of terrorism by the "Times of India" is, however, marred by a refusal to survey the situation in the right perspective and to ask for the right remedy. For instance, it repeats the base calumny against Indians, which it had thought fit to utter two months ago and to which we have already replied. In its leading article yesterday, our contemporary, in simulated wrath, took the public of this country to task for not denouncing and calling for the condign punishment of the men who convened the meeting at Jallianwalla Baug in defiance of Dyer's proclamation earlier in the day. Our contemporary wrote:

"We have had oceans of protests against the action of Brigadier-General Dyer; has a single Indian voice been raised in condemnation of the men who made the use of force at Jhallianwallah Bagh necessary? It is not on such political morality that a stable Indian nation will be built up."

As we have stated, we had occasion in the past to expose the utter baselessness of this calumny which was first uttered by "The Times" two months ago. We recall for the benefit of our contemporary the reply we gave at the time:

The "Times of India" alludes to the iniquity of the men who had lured the people into the place. The lure may be roughly explained. Lala Hansraj, approver-general of the Punjab Government, was there at 2 o'clock attending to the erection of the platform. This gentleman had been in turns travelling ticket-collector, and clerk of the Union Club, but from both posts he had been dismissed for defalcation. Seth Gul Muhammad in his evidence alludes to the loose connections of this individual, and adds: "I suspect also that he used to get something from the police; but this struck me after the Jallianwalla incident." However that may be, Hansraj was the centre of attraction. At 2 p.m. while he was making arrangements, he was seen chatting with a couple of C.I.D. inspectors who were there. He was, off and on removed to a distance for some exchange with them of ideas of which there is no expressed evidence. At 5 p.m., when the General arrived the people began to flee, but he proclaimed that the "Government" would not shoot them, encouraging them to remain, though as shooting began he disappeared till he popped up again at the Kotwali. This partly, at least, throws light on the "lure" which the "Times of India," without consulting its brief, indiscreetly laments. The Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Mohan Malaviya also referred in his speech the other day at the Excelsior Theatre to the fact that "the man who was instrumental in holding the meeting was in communication with the police the whole day" and that the authorities were perfectly well aware that there was a meeting going to be held. Lala Harkishenlal in his presidential address at Jullandhar in April last also drew attention to some important documents which were brought to the knowledge of the Punjab Sub-Committee of the Congress which were kept out of the Committee's report, because the owners of these documents were unwilling to part with them for fear of the authorities. Lala Harkishenlal suggested that these documents raised grave doubt in the minds of the Committee whether a death-trap had not been prepared in Jallianwalla Baug by police underlings with a view to help the authorities "to teach a lesson" to the citizens of Amritsar. In any case the fact that the approver-in-chief was in active touch with the C.I.D. and was devilishly trying to dispel the fears of the crowd at Jallianwalla, shows that there was something sinister at the bottom of the whole affair. Since the police chose to put him up as an approver and secured him a free pardon, what more could the public do to see that justice was vindicated in this matter? Further, be it remembered that,—apart from the fact that the orders prohibiting public meetings and warning the people that any such meetings would be dispersed by fire were not properly proclaimed in the city,—a principal purpose of the meeting was to condemn the mob violence of the previous day. But putting all these considerations aside, can any sane and humane man say as the "Times of India" says? "To what was the tragedy of the Jallianwallah Bagh due? Not *in a primary degree* to the action of Brigadier-General Dyer; that was the *secondary cause*. The tragedy of the Jallianwallah Bagh was due to the conduct of those turbulent and lawless men who, in defiance of definite orders and plain warning, convened that proclaimed meeting (the italics are ours.)" We confess we have seldom come across a more amazingly inhuman argument. Well might the commanders of German submarines plead that their ruthlessness was due *in a primary* degree to the innocent children, women and men who persisted in travelling by sea in defiance of definite orders and plain warnings of Admiral Tirpitz!

Peril of Platitudes.

The truth of the matter is that our contemporary has succumbed to the peril of platitudes. Platitudes are often good and consoling. But their efficacy in giving us consolation is limited. The wrong with our contemporary—whose weakness for platitudes we have learned to tolerate with amusement—is that not only does it not recognise this limitation, but will insist on indulging in its weakness at the most unseasonable hour. We fully appreciate the spirit of its "Thoughts on Indian Polity". But the thoughts are neither coherent nor seasonable. "Briton and Indian", says our contemporary, "have to work out the destiny of this land in common, both because their fortunes have become interlinked, and because the land cannot peacefully reach its full stature without their joint service." This is well said—so far as words go. But does our contemporary recognise the practical implication of these words? No. Far from doing so it loses itself in a maze of words leading to a favourite fantasy about society being threatened with disruption. It reverts to the theory that Satyagraha led to the Punjab tragedy—in spite of the established fact that the mob violence at Amritsar had nothing to do with Satyagraha and that Bombay, the centre of the Satygraha movement, remained free from such violence. As Mr. Natarajan said the other day, the statement that Satyagraha was the cause of the disturbances was an absolute and unmitigated falsehood. Our contemporary is anxious to see a frank realisation of the situation on both sides. What "political morality" is it that prevents it from acknowledging the greatest blunder committed by the Government in passing a hated and obnoxious law in the teeth of a popular protest the like of which was never witnessed in this country? What "political morality" is it which while declaring that "British connection in India cannot be maintained on terrorism" refuses to face the issue honestly by demanding the removal from office and adequate punishment of those who—however high the positions occupied by them—practised or supported "terrorism"? It will not be reparation enough to India if the Government of India, as our contemporary demands, "deal justly but firmly with those officers, who, in their recorded opinion, abused the authority committed to them under martial law". No, Lord Chelmsford and his Government themselves share the responsibility. Reuter informed us yesterday that Britain's only desire in the matter of war criminals is to establish the principles of justice and uphold international rights in civilised warfare. Just so India's only desire in regard to Lord Chelmsford, O'Dwyer, Dyer and others responsible for the Punjab wrong is to establish and uphold those principles of justice and governance of the country about which British Ministers have been so profuse, in words, in Parliament. For the rest, we commend the following sane and pertinent remarks of its former Editor to our contemporary which is always keen on having the final word on questions of Indian polity in its own pontfical manner:

"The wrongs inflicted under Marital Law in the Punjab had sarcely any part in the debate yet the cumulative effects of these wrongs far exceeded any wrong that even the severest judgment could have inflicted on an individual officer. . . . . It was a Dyer debate, pure and simple. Therefore, it would create disappointment and misgiving in India. A frank facing of the Punjab question, in broader aspects, would have cleared the air and would have given satisfaction to the people upon whom the events of the last year had left a consciousness of the wrong and of national humiliation.

There is time yet for the final stage of the Punjab question to be reached. The time, let us assure our contemporary, will not come so long as the British people refuse to face it frankly.

Notes of the Day.

"The Englishman" on the English.

The London correspondent of the "Englishman" sends a special cable about the Punjab debate. We are told: "Truly it was a Dyer day All the papers printed the greater part of his white paper, mostly approvingly." But compare this remark with the following: "Even the 'Daily News' comments: 'Evidently feeling has been deeply stirred. Fierce rancour is displayed by a small majority. If these fanatics had their way our Empire of India would not be worth five years purchase.' . . . The provincial and evening papers criticise on the lines hitherto followed." It is obvious that there is some mistake somewhere in these contradictory reports of the actual tone of the British press which, as Reuter informed us, mostly (with the exception of the "Morning Post") supports the Government. However this is gem number one. Gem number two is the gleeful remark that the "Morning Post" has started a fund to relieve Dyer of his "grievous embarrassment." Dyer is to have a Jallianwalla Memorial all on his own, since "the balance of the money after paying the expenses for the defence will go to purchase some gift to symbolise the goodwill of his friends." O'Dwyer, who no doubt draws a fat pension from the revenues collected from a much-grieved people, gave a portion of our hard-earned money (the princely sum of £20) towards the Dyer fund. Will some intelligent psychologist tell us why it is that an identical crime imputed to a German or a Bolshevik is a foul deed, but an act of splendid heroism when perpetrated by a bloodstained Britisher?

"The Statesman" on Statesmen.

But the "Statesman" goes one better. It finds very cleverly that the reason why Indians are not applauding Dyer's deed as the zenith of heroism is that temperamentally they are "much more apt to condone mob excesses and to resent punishment than English people who hold the excesses of a mob in horror and are prepared to see punishment inflicted, if necessary." After this we must be indeed an ungrateful set of people not to fall on our knees before "the saviour of the British Empire" (or "the Butcher of Jallianwalla Baug," whichever you like) for meting out divine justice. It is no use explaining to an Anglo-Indian newspaper writer that it is advisable, in the interests of his own profession, to read the news of the day with the care demanded of a responsible writer. Punish the excesses of a mob indeed! What excesses had the thousands wounded and killed at Jallianwalla Baug committed except the excesses of a scrupulous zeal to condemn all violence? We are glad for the honour of our nation that we "resent" such punishment. We are neither Prussians nor men besides whom the primitive savages put on the vestments of civilisation.

A Reproach To be Removed.

However much British statesmen like Sir Auckland Geddes and Mr. Balfour might try to minimise the significance of the fact, there is no denying that one of the main reasons that makes the United States fight shy of the League of Nations is the growing distrust among the American people of the policy of the Allies, which shorn of all the diplomatic finery in which it is camouflaged, is seen to be hardly distinguishable from economic Imperialism. The scramble for the "spoils of war", even before the Peace Treaties have been signed and the cries of famished Europe and Asia have been hushed, has disgusted the American democracy, which entered the war with clean hands and is determined to keep them unsoiled, however tempting the offers made to her may be. The British nation has to thank itself that the esteem in which it was held across the Atlantic is no longer one of unalloyed admiration. It is no use for the British to shut their eyes to this fact or minimise its significance. Here is a candid statement of how present-day British Imperialism appears to the eyes of impartial American statesmen. The Hon. Mr. A. J. Griffin, Member of the House of Representatives, U. S. Congress, in a communication to "Young India" of New York, writes:

A decent respect for the opinions of mankind requires that powerful nations shall treat the weaker races with justice. The fact that Great Britain has signally failed to be guided by this generous spirit in her treatment of Ireland, Egypt and India, has arrayed the conscience of mankind against her.

While British policy justifies and condones and leaves unpunished the perpetrators of the Amritsar massacre, the great British people must suffer the humiliation of seeing their government everywhere mistrusted. I have no doubt that the deep and widely prevalent sentiment underlying the rejection of the League of Nations is due to this mistrust.

If the English people themselves cannot be awakened to the realisation that their government is not doing justice either to themselves or to the spirit of the age, the only course that remains is to shame them into a nobler attitude by showing them that their conduct has the widespread disapproval of the entire world.

It is for the British people to labour to remove the reproach attaching to their government.

Bombay Presidency Postmen's Union.

That out of a total of 940 men in the Presidency Postal staff, 894 should have enrolled themselves as members of the Presidency Postmen's Union, which was started only two years ago, shows the rapidity with which an important branch of Labour on this side of India has come to recognise the benefits of organisation. The compiler of the report of this Union, which has just been issued, considers it a matter of congratulation that the Union has directly or indirectly helped to spread the Labour Union movement both in Bombay and the mofussil. A number of enquiries were addressed to the Union by persons desirous of organising similar Unions and its rules and general line of work have been adopted by several other Unions. A great deal of the credit is due to the honorary organisers of the Union for pressing the claims of the postmen for fair treatment and remuneration at the hands of their employees and the recommendations of the Postal Enquiry Committee are anxiously awaited by the men. The Union has opened a night class, a free reading room and library and a death benefit fund, for the benefit of the postmen. A scheme of medical relief was also started last year.

"OUR-ROUGH-ISLAND-STORY."

There is unrest
In India,
In Egypt,
And in Ireland.
I cannot understand it.
It must be a plot.

* * * * *

Unrest in foreign countries
Is different,
—They may be misgoverned—
But if there is unrest
In the British Empire
It is always a plot
On the part of foreign countries.
It is what I call
A conspiracy.

* * * * *

It is ridiculous
To talk about the rights
Of small nations.
India is not a small nation.
It is nothing of the sort.
We only keep India
Because, if we leave it,
The Indians
Would fight one another.
It is different
When Europeans fight one another.
But the Indians
Are a backward and brutal people,
And would not use
Guns, rifles, gas, bombs or flame-throwers.
It is better,
If you are an Indian,
To be bombed by a British aeroplane
Than to be hit
By another black.
We only stay in India
To protect the natives:
When we leave it
There will not be one rupee left.
No Englishman has any right
To talk about India,
Unless he has been there;
And no Indian
Has any right to talk about it,
If he lives there,
If he is a Maharajah
And plays Cricket,
It is different.
A sportsman is a sportsman,
All the world over;
Except in Russia, of course;
And if an Indian Maharajah
Goes to an English Public School
He ought to be fairly safe—
Mens-sana-in-corpore-sano-and-all-that!
The doctors say
That a healthy man
Is unaware of his body,
And in the same way
You feel
With a health-minded public school man,
That he is unaware
Of his mind.
Look at our Generals!
They will show you
Where we should be
Without our public schools.
But none of the Indians
Know what they really want.
They only know what it is.
That they don't want.
It is a plot.

* * * * *

It is the same in Ireland:
Sinn Feiners
Are no better than Bolsheviks.
I'd shoot them all,
The bloodthirsty brutes!
A great big nation
Attacking a poor little country
Like Poland.
It is true
That the plucky little Poles
Had to advance first,
Or the Bolsheviks,
Might not have attacked them.
But we never gave them any ammunition
To fight the Bolsheviks,
We merely sent it
To help maintain
Law-and-Order,
Just as we send it
To Ireland;
And now the Bolsheviks
Have even attacked
The plucky little Persians.
It is a shame,
And prevents us
From keeping
Law-and-Order.
By Law-and-Order
I mean the shooting
Of people
Whom you don't happen to like;
But if they shoot back
—Or even answer back—
It is what I call a plot.

* * * * *

The burglar
Who had been caught red-handed
With the contents of three houses,
Said:
"Directly I saw the police
I knew
That there was a plot
To deprive me
Of my possessions."
Unless people
Are allowed to keep
What they have obtained,
There will be an end
To Law-and-Order.
It is what I call
A conspiracy.

—"Miles," in "The Nation."

BISLEY SHOOTING COMPETITION.

WINNERS FROM INDIA.

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 6-30 p.m. July 14.

Bisley.—The Prize-winners from India are:—

The "Daily Graphic" Ten Shots at 500 Yards:—Private M. T. Gill 48.

The "Daily Telegraph" Ten Shots at 600 Yards:—Lieut. G. Curtis 48, E. P. Hancock 48, Lieut.-Col. T. A. Sewell 46.

The Wimbledon Cup:—Ten Shots at 600 Yards:—Gill 48, Curtis 47.

The Stock Exchange:—Curtis 140, Hancock 136.

GREEKS VERSUS TURKS.

VENEZELOS' PROPAGANDA WAR.

GREEK "CRUSHING VICTORY" DENIED.

"DON'T OFFEND MOSLEM FEELING."

"TEMPS" WARNING TO FRANCE.

MESOPOTAMIA—REPORTED AGITATION AND DISTURBANCE.

SHIAH MUJTAHID'S PROCLAMATION.

(Special to "The Chronicle.")

LONDON, July 14.

In the absence of any communication from the Nationalist Army the only news now being published in Europe about the fighting in Asia Minor is from the Greek source. The news from the Greek source is regarded more in the light of propaganda than of ordinary news. The Greek forces were already in the occupation of Smyrna enclave, which the Treaty proposes to hand over to them, and the capture of Ala-Shehr Salikli Akhissar Soma and even Balikesri—all on the railway lines from Magnesia to Afiun Karahissar, and Panderma to Magnesia are not believed to affect the situation in the interior of Asia Minor seriously. Eski-Shahr and Afiun Karahissar must be the objectives of the Greeks if Mustafa Kemal and his fellow-Nationalists have got to be crushed. It is believed here that his strategy favoured a waiting game being played in order to make the Greeks use up large forces on the maintenance of the lengthening lines of communication, which the leaders of guerilla bands could easily harass and ambush in a manner suited to this kind of warfare, but the Turkish fear of the Greek massacres of the Moslem population of the regions falling into the Greek hands may affect Mustafa Kemal's plans, and he may give them battle earlier.

M. Venizelos' Precarious Position.

M. Venizelos, who has imprisoned, credibly, a large number of political adversaries, does not find his position in his own country any too safe, and cannot maintain himself in the saddle merely by flashy victories, if the nationalists are not crushed in a month or two. In the French parliamentary circles, it is believed that one Greek defeat will entirely wreck his well organised masterly propaganda, on which M. Venizelos has spent millions and staked his all, and even in England the present benevolent toleration of Greek Imperialism in circles not generally in love with Imperialism, including their own, will give way to a "Stop the War" slogan. "Wait and see" is the universal attitude, barring of course, that of Italy, which is frankly pro-Turkish and was the only Power whose representation at Spa opposed the anti Turkish policy of the Allies.

Greeks' Crushing Victory—A Myth.

So far, the Greek forces have hugged the coast, and have advanced mostly north and south, but their progress eastward has clearly been barred. Men qualified to judge say that the total Nationalist forces in the regions occupied by the Greeks, since their advance commenced, could not have numbered as many as the prisoners they claim to have captured, and the fact, that the army corps said to have been annihilated is in reality believed to be elsewhere, indicates that the crushing victory claimed is probably as much a myth, as the enormous captures. At any rate, the war material said to have fallen into the hands of the victors, does not tally with the contemptuous estimates that had been sedulously circulated about the nationalists want of equipment.

Mustafa Kamal's Claim.

For the first time, the news received from the Nationalists side was published in the Paris edition of the "Chicago Tribune." Its Constantinople correspondent, Larry Rui, whose highly interesting despatches have helped him to acquire a distinct reputation for well-balanced judgment, as well as an access to authentic news, wires that "Mustafa Kemal, in a letter to the Sultan whom he addresses as the 'chief' asserts that the situation of his troops in Anatolia is favourable to the Nationalists, notwithstanding the Greek official communiques to the contrary. He claims the capture of three thousand prisoners, including two Greek generals. The letter, the authenticity of which is vouched for by reliable persons, although the contents are questioned adds that assistance is promised by the Kurds and Mesopotamians there, the bringing up of reinforcements being only a question of time. It is certain that if the French attempt to force the occuptation of the Arab zone in Syria, the Damascus Government will get assistance from the same sources. Refugees continue to pour in from Smyrna, Ismid and Beikos zones. The Near East. Relief Commission alone has three thousand refugees from Ismid to care for, and four thousand others in six camps here, the Majority of the latter being from Beikos, where a guerilla fighting continues sporadically".

Bombardment of Beikos.

Beikos is on the Bosphorus opposite Therapia, where the British High Commissioner lives. The Greek forces had been landed to punish in turn the Turks who had punished the Greeks living there and British warships had bombarded the place. But, according to the news published here, the Allied forces had subsequently withdrawn, leaving the Nationalists in possession of Beikos. Since then, however, warships have apparently resumed bombardment of the Turkish positions, located by aircraft, and it is said the people living in Therapia often walk out, to the shore to witness fighting. The "Iron duke" which was a flagship in the battle of Jutland, has been hit by rifle and machine-gun bullets.

Rumour About General Allenby.

The "New York Herald" (Paris Edition) publishes the news from London, saying: "According to a delayed despatch from Constantinople, a rumour is current that General Allenby will be appointed Commander-in-Chief of the forces engaged in suppressing the Turkish Nationalist movement under Mustafa Kemal Pasha, and will have his general headquarters at Prinkipo. Rumours are also afloat in Turkish circles that the Nationalists have retaken from the Greeks Salikli and Ala-Shehr on the railroad line between Smyrna and Afiun Karahissar. It is said a Commission may be sent into the regions occupied by the Greek army, urging the inhabitants to cease all further emigration."

"Temps" Warning to France.

The "Temps" publishes a despatch from its Constantinople correspondent, M. Tavernier who advises France to have a better understanding with Mustafa Kemal, pointing out the danger arising from an offended Muslim feeling, and warning the west against a wave of religious nationalism, which starting from Siberia has extended to Persia and Caucasia and has already arrived in Turkey, and Egypt, will to-morrow, menace Tripoli Tunis, Algeria, Morroco, as well as India. The reference to India is italicised and he adds, in a foot-note: "In this connection attention must be drawn to the following fact, which is little known. A depot of arms at Constantinople in charge of an Indian platoon has recently been completely cleared in a single night."

War Between Bulgaria and Greece.

The "Chicago Tribune" publishes the following: "There is a danger of a war between Greece and Bulgaria. According to messages received from Athens. "Embros," one of the leading Athens papers, announced that hostilities had virtually begun between the Greeks and Bulgarians. It is stated that Bulgaria, while maintaining, apparently, peaceful attitude is secretly helping the Turkish nationalists in Eastern Thrace. It is also reported that five thousand Bulgarian Commitadjis or irregular soldiers have joined forces with Jafar Tayar Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader now occupying Adrianople. The Greeks have thirty thousand men opposite Adrianople and ninety thousand in Asia Minor. Greek official circles are confident, if the forces in Thrace are doubled, the Turks despite Bulgarian aid will soon be mastered. The Greeks are intent on occupying the whole of Thrace as allotted to them by the treaty with Turkey. Turkish nationalists in Europe have been encouraged by the withdrawal of French troops from Eastern Thrace and the concentration of Greek troops against Mustafa Kemal in Asia Minor."

Bulgaria Mobilising.

An Athens telegram says the news received from various services confirms the report that secret mobilization of troops is proceeding in Bulgaria, particularly in

(Continued in Column 5).

PUNJAB AND PARLIAMENT.

"NO FRANK FACING."

MR. BENNET'S DISAPPOINTMENT

(Reuter's Special Service.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 11-40 p.m. July 14.

In a letter to "The Times", Mr. T. J. Bennett, dealing with the Dyer debate, in the House of Commons, after denouncing the attack on Mr. Montagu, declares that the wrongs inflicted under Martial Law in the Punjab had scarcely any part in the debate yet cumulative effects of these wrongs far exceeded any wrong that even the severest judgment could have inflicted on an individual officer. It was a Dyer debate pure and simple. Therefore, it would create disappointment and misgiving in India. A frank facing of the Punjab question, in broader aspects, would have cleared the air, and would have given satisfactiton to the people, upon whom the events of the last year had left a consciousness of the wrong and of national humiliation.

IS MR. MONTAGU GOING TO RESIGN?

RUMOURS DISCREDITED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., July 14.

The "Westminster Gazette's" Parliamentary correspondent discredits the rumours that Mr. Montagu has offered to resign as the result of the Amritsar debate, showing that he was entirely out of touch with the Coalition. The paper says it is his duty to remain at the India Office for his resignation would be misinterpreted in India as the triumph for reaction.

FAITHFUL TO THE LAST.

DYER'S HENCHMEN'S SUPPORT UNDIMINISHED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, July 14.

In publishing a cable, similar to the one received by the "Englishman" of Calcutta, regarding the subscription list opened by the "Morning Post" of London for General Dyer, the "C. and M. Gazette" says:—The fund needs little commendation from us. In thus endeavouring to make good the financial loss which General Dyer will incur by being sacrificed for political expediency, the British residents in this country abate none of their very deep regret for the lives lost at Jallianwala Bagh. They consider that General Dyer saved the Punjab, as a whole, from widespread and disastrous disturbances, which in view of the Afghan War might have had a fatal effect on the future of India. They consider that he has been punished unjustly, and without anything in the nature of a fair trial. About all they consider that he has been disgracefully and wantonly sacrificed at the pleasure of a Minister who, as the "Times" admits, has aroused unparalleled feelings of hostility among the members of the House of Commons.

"RESULT VERY "DISAPPOINTING."

B ANDE MATARAM ON" DYER DEBATE

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, July 14.

Commenting on the Dyer debate in the House of Commons the "Bande Mataram" says:—It is gratifying that Mr. Montagu strongly voiced the feeling of India, and was not brow-beaten by the hostile attack of Sir Edward Carson and other reactionaries. Condemnation by Mr. Asquith and Mr. Churchill in unequivocal terms of the brutal conduct of General Dyer presents a happy phase in British statesmanship, but the support given to Sir Edward Carson shows that the tone of justice in the average Englishman is not strong enough to overcome racial feeling. The attendance of so many Princes in the debate shows how the massacre of Jallianwala Bagh has stirred the whole of India from Princes down to paupers. The paper adds that the result of the debate is very disappointing, in that it punishes Dyer with retirment only, while it leaves untouched O'Dwyer and other officers responsible for martial law atrocities.

COURT-MARTIAL DYERS AND O'DWYERS.

"ZEMINDAR" ON THE "MAILED FIST"

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, July 14.

The "Zemindar" in a lengthy leading article says:—Whether or not, the high priests of British Prussianism in India receive the deserved punishment, one thing at least is clear from the Amritsar debate. One of the greatest outrages in the British history, as Mr. Asquith puts it, has roused the British democracy to a sense of what it owes to humanity. The mailed fist of Imperial Jingoes will no longer dictate British policy in the East, if only they will let Mr. Montagu have his way. but practice is better than precept. The high-sounding political dicta have had their day. Dyer's dismissal is not sufficient to restore India's confidence. England must act up to her professions and Court Martial the whole race of Dyers and O'Dwyers.

BRITAIN AND SOVIET RUSSIA.

AN UNDERSTANDING REACHED.

IMMEDIATE RUSSO-POLISH ARMISTICE URGED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., July 14.

Replying to Mr. George Thorne Mr. Bonar Law confirmed that the Russian Soviet Government had accepted the British Government's conditions with regard to resumption of trade and an understanding had therefore been reached with regard to the principles on which a trade agreement should be negotiated.

Mr. Bonar Law also stated that the British Government in agreement with the Allies had made proposals to the Soviet Government for an immediate Russo-Polish armistice on equitable terms to be followed by a peace conference between Russia and the border States.

Replying to further questions Mr. Bonar Law declined to say whether the British Government had threatened to send military forces in the event of the Russian Government's noncompliance. He denied that hi statement involved the recognition of the Soviet Government.

BRITISH PRISONERS IN RUSSIA.

STATEMENT BY MR. BONAR LAW.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., July 14.

In reply to Sir Frederick Hall Mr. Bonar Law stated that there were fifty-five British naval and military prisoners in Russia and also a number of civilians imprisoned for reasons that had never been fully explained. He hoped that the negotiations now in progress would secure their immediate release.

Replying to a further question Bonar Law stated that there were still Russian prisoners in England.

POLES OCCUPY OWRUCZ.

BOLSHEVISTS COMPLETELY DEFEATED

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 14.

Warsaw.—A Communique says the Poles have abandoned the line of river Vilna and the Bolsheviste have reached the fortifications outside Minsk. The Polish Army in the Pripet region advancing in the rear of the enemy occupied Owrucz and completely defeated the Bolshevists killing 400, capturing 200 prisoners and much booty. The Poles have also defeated a Bolshevist cavalry annihilating the brigade and capturing eight guns. The Cavalry fled in the direction of Royno which the Poles are now attacking.

POLES' CONTINUED RETREAT

ENLISTMENT IN FULL SWING.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 13.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., July 14.

According to the latest Polish communiques, the Poles have abandoned line of the River Vilna, and continue their orderly retreat, destroying communications. All classes, including the priests, are enlisting. Over a quarter million men have enlisted in two days.

Warsaw banks have contributed thirty million marks.

FRONTIER QUESTIONS OF POLES AND CZECHO SLOVAKS

SETTLEMENT ENTRUSTED TO COUNCIL OF AMBASSADORS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 1'.
Recd. 11.30 p.m., July 14.

Spa.—Owing to the failure of the Poles and Czecho-Slovaks to reach a friendly agreement on the frontier questions, the Conference has decided to entrust the settlement to the Council of Ambassadors. The United States have been invited to co-operate.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE ILL

REPLACED BY LORD CURZON AT SPA CONFERENCE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., July 14.

Mr. Lloyd George is suffering from chill and was replaced at the Spa Conference yesterday by Lord Curzon.

"BETTER AFTER DAYS REST,"

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LAERR.
LONDON, July 13.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., July 14.

Mr. Lloyd George is better after his day's rest, and reattended the Conference to-day.

"INHUMAN & BARBAROUS"!

GREEKS KILL 15,000 TURKISH TROOPS.

VIOLATION OF WAR LAWS.

(Special to "The Chronicle.")

PARIS, July 13.

The "Morning Post" correspondent wires from Constantinople, July 8:—

"Greeks are reported to have put to death great numbers of Kemalists captured on Monday last after a violent battle following the fall of Balikesri. This was done on the ground that the Kemalist troops do not constitute a regular army and by international law are bandits liable to death. Some hundred or more of the pronounced Nationalists were spared for trial, but the rest constituting a greater part of the defeated army were killed. Out of the 20,000 only about 5,000 escaped to the south of Broussa. The remainder, who fell into the hands of the Greeks paid the death penalty."

Khilafat Delegation Protest.

The Indian Khilafat delegation are sending an urgent and emphatic protest to the Powers at Spa against this, inhuman and barbarous violation of the recognised laws of war and of the British Government's assurance to treat the Turkish Nationalists as regular combatants under the international law.

"Kemalist Victory certain."

Larry Rue wires from Constantinople on July 11 to the "Chicago Tribune", Paris:—"Kemalist sources declare victory in the Near East is certain with the support of Russian Reds. The Allied military experts are of the opinion that the present situation of the Greeks makes the entire move ineffective, as in many places the Turks retreated without fighting, proving that Kemal's organisation is not entirely demoralised. Heat and scarcity of water in Anatolia is said to have caused considerable hardship among the Greeks, who have suffered nearly as many casualties from sickness as from fighting."

GREEKS VERSUS TURKS.

(Continued from Column 2).

Bargas and Varna districts, and the despatch of war munitions to Jafar Tayar is being actively continued. New concentrations of troops are also reported on Greco-Bulgarian frontier. Further news is published that a detachment of French colonial troops said to number over ten thousand and despatched to occupy portions of Syria, has been surrounded in Adana by the Turkish troops, according to reliable reports reaching Paris. The French Foreign Office, asked to comment on the reports, declared it was without any official news. It was stated that, if reports were true, besieging forces must be composed of unorganised rebel elements, and not of troops belonging to Mustafa Kemal's army.

Situation in Mesopotamia.

The journal "Des Debats" publishes the following telegram from Baghdad dated July 8th:—"In Mesopotamia, agitation and disturbances are continuing inspite of certain concessions made to the Arabs in the region of Bagdad, gendarmes have been massacred and rebel tribes have derailed a number of trains. The trunk-line from Busrah to Bagdad has been cut. The bridge on the Euphrates has been seriously damaged, and railway service had to be suspended. The Great Mujtahid of Shiahs has issued a proclamation to Mussalmans saying anybody acquiescing in the British occupation would be considered a renegade, and could not be buried in the holy place at Meshed."

Reported Isolation of Baghdad.

Further news says that despatches from Beyrout report Bagdad, already cut off from communication as a result of the destruction caused by rebel tribes to the railway and bridges over the Euphrates, is threatened with complete isolation, as the rebels now give signs of interfering with river transportation. Disaffection is said to be increasing in the region of Mosul, and on the shores of Ivan.

"The Times'" Teheran telegram, confirming this, states the situation in Lower Mesopotamia continues to be serious. It is reported here that the Basra-Bagdad line is cut, in three places, and fighting continues at Rumalia and Samava. Pro-Turkish agitation is very strong among the tribesmen of Nasiryeh region on the Euphrates.

Mandates not Accepted?

Damad Ferid Pasha and Tewfik Pasha have left for Constantinople leaving Reshid Bey, Minister of Interior, with a number of secretaries in Paris. Reshid Bey, new President of the Turkish delegation, handed to the Secretary of the Conference, for transmission to Spa, M. Millerand, a note which completes the reply of the Turkish Government with regard to the terms of the Treaty. The reply is said to be influenced by the decisions arrived at in Constantinople, while Damad Ferid Pasha was in Versailles. It is understood this latest Turkish note does not accept mandates in Jazirat-ul-Arab.

Indian Khilafat Delegation's Statement.

The Indian Khilafat Delegation have submitted to Mr. Lloyd George at Spa their reasoned, exhaustive and considered statement on the Turkish Treaty. Mr. Kidwai arrived in Paris and is shortly proceeding to London whither Messrs. Syud Hossain and Abul Kasem have gone. Maulana Sulaiman Nadwi is under treatment in Paris for gall-bladder trouble, but there is no anxiety. Mr. Mohamed Ali expects shortly to visit Rome and then return to London.

"The Times" publishes a Spa telegram stating that terms of the Allies' reply to the Turkish note were settled. The Turks are to be required to sign the treaty as drafted with some slight but unimportant modifications. This reply will be presented to them on July 17th and. with the Turkish note, will be published simultaneously in Paris and London.

PLEBESCITES IN EAST & WEST PRUSSIA.

LANDSLIDE IN FAVOUR OF GERMANY AGAINST POLAND.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 14.

Berlin.—According to the returns of the plebescites held in East and West Prussia under the Peace Treaty to decide the nationality of certain districts there has been something in the nature of a landslide in favour of Germany against Poland. The West Prussian results hitherto show twelve to one vote in favour of Germany and the figures for East Prussia are fifty to one in Germany's favour.

GERMAN COAL AND REPARATIONS.

HEADS OF ALLIED DELEGATION CONFER WITH GERMAN REPRESENTATIVES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 13.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 14.

Spa.—A communique says:—The heads of the Allied Delegations conferred with Fehrenbach and Von Simons for two hours with regard to the questions of coal and reparations. As regards the latter it was decided that the Reparations Commission should meet the Allied and German delegates and experts to examine the German plans and report to the Conference. The delegations exchanged the proposals regarding the tonnage of coal to be delivered without a result and it was therefore declared that the Reparations Commission's figures would be adhered to.

The German Delegation said they would reconsider the question and the Allies spontaneously announced that in consequence of the information as regards undernourishment of mineworkers they were prepared to study the question of improvement of their food position and they invited the German Delegation to submit practical suggesting on the subject.

GERMAN SUPER-ZEPPELIN L 72 FOR FRANCE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., July 14.

The German super-Zeppelin, L72 which is to be delivered to France has arrived at Maubeuge.

FINNISH-SWEDISH DISPUTE.

REFERRED TO A COMMISSION.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., July 14.

The Council of League of the Nations has decided to refer Finnish Swedish dispute with regard to the sovereignty of the Alland Islands to a Commission composed of three international jurists, to be nominated by the President of the League for advisory opinion. The Council has appealed to the Swedish and Finnish Government in the meanwhile to abstain from action likely to aggravate the situation and the Swedish and Finnish representatives have promised that such an action will be avoided.

PUNJAB TERRORISM.

"DAMNABLE AND FUTILE"

CHRISTIAN MISSIONARY PROTEST

The following manifesto is published in the Madras papers:—

It appears to be commonly supposed the European opinion in India approves of the methods adopted by the military authorities during the recent disorders in the Punjab.

We desire to express an opinion which we believe to be shared by many of our fellow-countrymen.

We deplore and condemn the excesses of the mob and recognize, the extreme gravity of the situation with which the authorities had to deal.

We are not prepared either to affirm or to deny on the evidence that has been published that the proclamation of Martial Law was necessary. We would strongly maintain, however, that the sole justification for the proclamation of Martial Law is the welfare of the people of India of every race and creed. It is not sufficient to urge, as has sometimes been urged, that Martial Law was necessary for the retention of India as a "place fit for white men." Such an argument is fundamentally disloyal to the spirit of the recent Royal Proclamation and to the best traditions of the British Empire.

But while we abstain from expressing an opinion as to the necessity for Martial Law, we have no hesitation in condemning some of the methods by which it was administered. The indiscriminate firing on the crowd at Jallianwala Bagh prolonged even during their flight in order "to create a wide impression," the crawling order, of the flogging of school boys at random for punishment, these things are beyond excuse; they have grievously stained the British name in India.

Worst of all, in our judgment, is the mentality of those who adopted these methods. By their evidence before the Commission, they have shown how contemptuous is their attitude towards the people of India, and how arrogant is their assumption of racial superiority. The slaughter of some 400 Indians evokes only a mild expression of regret. The imposition on the ground of alleged seditious tendencies in their Colleges of daily roll-calls for a thousand students, involving a 16 mile walk a day is cynically described as "a mild form of physical exercise.". The imprisonment in the fort of sixty-five students and the staff of the Sanatan Dharma College, when some unknown persons tore a notice on the compound wall, was inflicted because the officer in command of Labore "was looking for just such an opportunity." These methods have been rightly described by one of the questioners in the Hunter Report as "frightfulness" and underlying the whole policy is the belief that "force is the only thing that an Asiatic has any respect for." (Hunter Report, op. 136—158.)

We feel bound, both as Englishmen and as Christians, to express our indignation that such methods should have marked British rule in India. As Englishmen, we regard "Prussianism" wherever practised, as damnable and futile; for no empire can be securely built on a foundation of terrorism and hats. As Christians, we hold that the condonation of such methods would involve the repudiation of the teaching and example of Christ and the rejection of those Christian principles of co-operation and friendship without which there can be no true progress for the peoples of the world.

SIGNATURES.

(Sd.) Beatrice Budden, Baptist Mission, Palwal, Punjab; P. N. Bushall, Baptist Mission, Delhi; E. C. Dewick, Principal, St. Paul's College, Calcutta; J. J. Ellis, Wesleyan Mission, Trichinopoly; A. G. Fraser, Principal, Trinity College, Kandy; T. N. Gardiner, Hislop College, Nagpur; R. M. Gray, United Free Church of Scotland, Bombay; J. S. Hoyland, Hislop College, Nagpur; D. G. M. Leith, Wesleyan Mission, Triplicane, Madras; N. G. Leather, Principal, Krishnath College, Berhampore; J. H. Maclean, United Free Church of Scotland, Conjeeveram; N. Macnicol, United Free Church of Scotland, Poona; R. L. Pelly, Acting Principal, Bishop's College, Calcutta; C. H. O. Sharp, Lecturer, S. Stephen's College, Delhi; Ed. J. Thompson, Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura; S. H. Thomas, Lecturer, St. Stephen's College, Delhi; A. R. Tilt, Cambridge Mission to Delhi; F. J. Western, Cambridge Mission to Delhi; C. Kingsley Williams, Principal, Wesley College, Madras; J. Winterbotham, Medical Missionary, Chikbalapur, Mysore; C. B. Young, Baptist Mission, Delhi; Edith D. Young, Baptist Mission, Palwal, Punjab; M. Young, Babtist Mission, Palwal, Punjab; P. N. F. Young, Cambridge Mission to Delhi and Ruth Young, Babtist Mission, Delhi.

DEBATE ON DYERISM.

LABOUR CONDEMNATION.

"New India" publishes the following special cable from its London correspondent:—

London July 9.—On Thursday, the 8th instant, in the debate in the Commons on Amritsar, the friends of General Dyer attacked the Government. Mr. Montagu was clear and uncompromising. He said that General Dyer's justification was the doctrine of terrr to which there was no end. The crawling order was an example of racial humiliation, while the ogging of school boys and wedding parties were specimens of "frightfulness". Either we must recognise India as a partner in our great Commonwealth and carry the recognition into legislation was administration, or attempt to hold India by the sword and recognise terror a part of the armament. If we choose terrorism, there will be no end to the trouble till the people of both the counrries rose and terminated it. To rule India in that way was impossible for modern ideas. There was the idea in certain sections that the Indian was tolerable only so long as he obeyed their orders, but once the Indian imbibed the idea of personal liberty, they called him an agitator. (There was loud uproar at this and cries of "disgraceful", "shame", "withdraw").

Mr. Ben Spoor said that General Dyer's blind reliance on force typified Anglo-Indian mentality, the greatest menace to the British Empire. He demanded the recall of the Viceroy, the trial of General Dyer, Sir Michael O'Dwyer and the repeal of all repressive legislations. He also strongly denounced the policy of Non-Co-operation advocated by certain quarters in India as opposed to the best interests of Indians. It will command no sympathy from the Labour Party.

Mr. Churchill: I shall be told that Geneal Dyer saved India. I don't believe it. Our rule rests on a surer foundation.

Sir Edward Carson, Sir Joyson Hicks, Mr. Palmer and Capt. Gwynne championed General Dyer.

Mr. Asquith said that he condemmed this particular action as the greatest outrage.

Colonel Wedgwood considered it to be the greatest blot in English History since the burning of Joan of Arc.

Mr. Bonar Law said: If a General commits a mistaken in the field of battle, he must pay the penalty. If he acted badly against civilians, must he be backed up merely because he was a soldier?

THE VOTING.

Action against General Dyer was upheld by 230 to 120, the Labour Party saving the Government. The Tories are very mad.

HERO OF AMRITSAR MASSACRE.

FUND FOR DYER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 14.

The "Englishman" has received the following cable from Mr. Gwynne, M. P., "Editor, "Morning Post" has to-day opened subscription for General Dyer in order to show approval of his action at Amritsar. General Dyer is a poor man and has been put to great expense in preparing his case. Sir Edward Carson in subscribing £20 writes as follows: "Geneal Dyer admittedly did his duty with absolute faith under most difficult circumstances. He never had a fair trial. I hope any man who loves his country and appreciates the action of a man who did not hesitate to do his duty for fear of censure for political purposes will show appreciation of this brave man". Possibly you may be able to open a subscription in your own columns. If so I should be most grateful. Already the response in England is most favourable".

The "Englishman" has received a cheque for Rs. 200 for the Dyer fund from an European in Calcutta who signs himself "Qui Patituv Vincet".

ENGLAND LACKS STATESMANSHIP.

"NEW TIMES" ON DYER DEBATE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, July 13.

The "New Times" discussing the Dyer debate says the debate in the Commons will not help relieving the tension of the Indian situation. Not one of the country's demands is satisfied. Mr. Montagu's phrases are fine but what is their practical value for India? His own certificates to Lord Chelmsford and Sir Michael belief his theory of the Commonwealth of free nations. England has not risen above the prejudices of race and colour, has not shown the statesmanship which should strengthen national efforts to build the Indian foundation on freedom for service of the nations.

The same sujbect was discussed by Prof. Vaswani in to-day's "New Times."

"Neither humanity nor justice but the Empire cult" he says, "Has been the determining factor in England's judgment upon one of the most terrible tragedies in modern history. The tragedy of the situation is that not one influential organisation in England, not even the Labour Party is inspired by the vision of the eternal man. The debate in the House of Commons betrays the policy, diplomacy and compromise with crime and accommodation to the theory of race ascendancy. Prof. Vaswani appeals for drawing out of moral forces without which the Orient cannot repel the assaults of aggressive exploiting Imperialism. Not mendicant politics, he adds, but the movement of self-sacrifice is the nation's need. The self-respecting and self-reliant India will enrich the world's life, will bear witness to international ideal and will, with power wrought in sufferings, offer worship to the eternal humanity at a time when the western imperialisms are shaking hands at the festival of the Mammon and the Brute."

"MR. MONTAGU HAS OUTSTAYED HIS WELCOME."

"C. M. GAZETTE'S" OUTBURST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 13.

The "C. M. Gazette" commenting on the result of the Dyer debate in the House of Commons says:

Mr. Montagu has the poor satisfaction of being the cause of the biggest defection from his own Government since the Premier was returned to power. If that fact does not suggest to him that he has outstayed his welcome then nothing will. We take our hat off to Mr. Gwynne whose pluck had its reward in the damagingly modest majority the Government obtained.

"PIONEER'S" DYER FUND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, July 14.

The "Pioneer" announces that it will be very pleased to receive subscriptions for General Dyer's fund and forward them to the Editor of the "Morning Post" London, at the current rate of exchange.

LAST DAYS OF MARTIAL LAW.

HOW PROSECUTIONS WERE AUGMENTED & HURRIED.

A LURID LIGHT.

MR. HERON'S CALL TO THE POLICE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviyya has handed to me an order signed by Mr. F. A. Heron, the Superintendent of Police, Gujranwala (Punjab). The Panditji has given it to me for publication with such criticism as I could offer out of my experience of the Gujranwala District, the whole of which I visited during my stay in the Punjab. The order is dated the 5th June 1919. It may be recalled that Superintendent Heron, it was who directed the firing when one of the Railway bridges was set fire to by a Gujranwala crowd on 14th April 1919. Here is the order in question.

Dated Gujranwala the 5th of June 1919.

ORDER.

To The Sub-Inspector of Police,

It is now practically certain that Martial Law will be taken off in this district, from those towns upon which it is still in force in a few days. The result of this will be that only those cases actually at the time of removal of Martial Law then under trial before the Martial Law Commissions will be allowed to continue to be tried under Martial Law. All other cases, whether under investigation, or under trial, before a summary court, will have to be dropped and can then only be tried under the ordinary law. This will mean greatly prolonging these cases, as under the ordinary law, cases will proceed slowly in court, and there will be appeals, etc. It is, therefore, imporative that all cases ready for trial in the Summary Courts should be sent up for trial immediately, and that all cases still under investigation which can be completed rapidly, should be completed immediately and sent up for trial. In this District, so far the Police have sent up comparatively few cases for trial, and so there must be many persons who are guilty, and against whom there is proof, available who should be sent up for trial without delay.

Great efforts tmust now be made to complete all pending cases at once. Identification parades should be held immediately, and every endeavour must be made to call up new witnesses, etc., who can help in proving the guilt of the accused.

Proper attention has not so far been paid to securing the arrests of absconders. This must now be done. Constables Sufedposhees etc., should now be sent, out immediately after absconders, and every effort made to capture them at once. It is not sufficient merely to send a Ruqua to tsome police stations for thteir arrests.

I need not impress upon my officers the great necessity of completing their cases at once, and of getting a sufficient number of accused dealt with before Martial Law is removed. This District in point of view of numbers sent up for trial, is far behind other districts, and this naturally aroases criticisms on the efficiency and energy shown by the police here. Something can still be done to improve matters, and, if all my officers put their hearts into the work there is no reason why the reputation of all the investigating staff here should suffer in comparison with those who have investigated in Lahore and Amritsar, but should the numbers sent up for trial continue so small all concerned will undoubtedly not receive the *Qadar* and respect they are in some instances entitled to.

F. A. HERON,
Superintendent of Police,
Gujranwala.

5-6-1919.

Scores of witnesses in the District gave evidence before the Congress Sub-Committee that during the last days of Martial Law, batches after batches of prisoners were hurried to the Summary Courts so-called. The presiding officers sat late at night and without even examining defence witnesses condemned absolutely innocent men to varying terms of imprisonment. One of the officers who thus conducted trials was Col. O'Brien and the other was Mr. Bosworth Smith. The order reproduced above throws luridlight on the way in which prosecutions took place. And it was in this summary and hasty manner that men who were absolutelty innocent of any crime were harassed and imprisoned at Akalgarh, Ramnagar and other places and still these officials retain their offices and the power of doing evil.—Yours, etc.

M. K. GANDHI.

ZIONIST MEETING IN LONDON

CELEBRATING BRITAIN'S MANDATE

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 1 p.m., July 14.

A great Zionist meeting was held at the Albert Hall to-night to celebrate Britain's acceptance of the mandate for Palestine. Lord Rothschild presided and others present included Mr. Balfour, Lord Crewe, Lord Robert Cecil, the Chief Rabbi, Doctors Weizmann Max Nordau and Sokolow and the Jewish delegates from twenty-eight countries. Messages of sympathy were received from many notable personages including the Bishops of Manchester and Gloucester.

Mr. Balfour, who was enthusiastically received, warned the meeting that there were difficulties ahead especially in connection with the Arab question which would require the mutual goodwill of the Arab and the Jew. He hoped that the Arabs would remember that the Great Powers had freed them from the brutal tyranny of the Turks and that they would not be grudge a small notch in the Arab territory being given to a race, exiled for centuries from the land of their forefathers. Mr. Balfour dwelt on the importance of partnership between the Jews and Great Britain as a Mandatory Power and expressed confidence that neither would fail the other.

Lord Robert Cecil said he believed that the two outstanding features of the war as regards the future were the establishment of the Jewish National Home and the creation of the League of Nations.

A resolution was adopted expressing high appreciation of the illustrious services rendered to the Jewish nation by the Allied statesmen and the people. It pledged the British Jews to spare no effort and no sacrifice in rebuilding Palestine as their National Home in collaboration with the inhabitants of the country.

OCCUPATION COST.

WON'T BE COVERED BY PROPOSED GOVERNMENT OF MESPOT.

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 6-30 p.m. July 14.

In the House of Commons to-day, replying to Mr. Dennis Herbert Mr. Bonar Law stated that he could not hold out any hope that the cost hitherto incurred by the military occupation could become a charge upon the proposed Government of Mesopotamia but it was anticipated that the value of assets like railways built at the army cost would be recovered.

FULLEST DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIES.

SURE WAY TO INDIA'S CONTINUED PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 11-40 p.m. July 14.

Lord Meston, presiding at an address in the National Liberal Club by Mr. Moreland, in connection with the East India Association on the "Study of Indian Poverty" said that if India was to continue her progress there must be large advancement in State assistance based upon the fullest development of her industries, and increasing prosperity of her people. Serious study of economics should be encouraged in the Indian Universities not only from the native but from the wirest possible standpoint.

FUTURE OF I.M.S.

DECISION AWAITS RECOMMENDATIONS OF GOVT. OF INDIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., July 14.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir William Joynson-Hicks, with regard to the future of the Indian Medical Service, Mr. Montagu said he would be able to decide the matter and to make the announcement when the Government of India's recommendations on the reports of the Army in India Committee and the Verney-Lovett's Committee had been received. The two reports must be considered together. He hoped to publish both the reports simultaneously, shortly. Meanwhile, copies of the Esher Committees report had been sent to the Government of India, who were forwarding views of both the reports, as soon as possible.

CONFERENCE TO CONCLUDE TO-MORROW.

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 6-30 p.m. July 14.

Spa.—The Conference this morning, decided to continue as it twas impossible to finish to-day. It was also decided to refer the German reparation proposals to the Reparations Commission and German and Allied experts for examination and report. It is expected thtat the Conference will conclude on July 16th.

BRITISH EMPIRE FORESTRY.

COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 1 p.m., July 14.

The British Empire Forestry Conference Committee considered the responsibility of the State for a forest policy. The subject was introduced by Mr. Clutterbuck, Chief Conservator of the United Provinces. In the afternoon an English delegate opened the discussion upon the forest authority. The result of the discussions was an unanimous recognition that the forests should be administered as a trust for the community at large by the Governments and that this trust imposed the responsibility for constituting authority adequately organised and financed. The discussion covered the problems whereby the forest authority could deal with the commercial problems of the utilisation of timber.

EMPIRE'S INDUSTRIES & RESOURCES.

PROPOSED EXHIBITION IN LONDON IN 1923.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 1 p.m., July 14.

It is proposed to hold in London in 1923 an Exhibition representative of the industries and resources of the British Empire. The Government proposes to ask Parliament to sanction a vote of a hundred thousand sterling to guarantee the fund conditionally upon an additional half a million being secured elsewhere. The Board of Trade stipulations in connection with the proposed contribution include the approval of all regulations, for example, those affecting the participation of the various parts of Empire. The King has promised his patronage and Prince of Wales will be the President of General Committee. Any surplus profits will be devoted to public objects.

BRITISH EAST AFRICAN PROTECTORATE.

QUESTION ON CHANGE OF NAME AND STATUS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 14.

Replying in Commons to Mr. Owen Thomas who asked a question with regard to the change of name and status of the British East African Protectorate to Kenia Colony Colonel Amery said that no change was proposed in the constitution of the Legislative Council. He believed that the residents had long desired a closer tie with the Empire than was afforded by living in a Protectorate.

MORE SINN FEIN RAVAGES.

THREE DISUSED POLICE BARRACKS BURNT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., July 14.

Three disused police barracks in Cork City were burned simultaneously on Saturday night.

COUNTY CRICKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 14.

Sussex beat Kent at Tunbridge Wells by four wickets.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN ON EXCESS PROFITS DUTY.

MOTION FOR REDUCTION REJECTED IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., July 14.

Replying in the House of Commons to a motion by Mr. Terrell in favour of reduction of the Excess Profits Tax from sixty to forty per cent, Mr. Chamberlain pointed out that Britain had not suffered from the financial troubles experienced by United States and Japan. He had been pleased to note a check in the spirit of uncontrolled expansion of speculation prevalent earlier in the year. He was anxious to find an alternative for the Excess Profits Duty, pending which he could not abandon the tax. The tax was only a temporary one. He agreed that trade required certainty regarding future. The Government had never contemplated that the sixty per cent. levy would continue beyond the current year and it would not exceed forty per cent the next. He pointed out that the Government's duty was to endeavour to restore credit before the lean years set in. Nothing had more impressed the world or produced quicker return than our efforts to right our finances immediately the war stopped. Mr. Terrell's motion was rejected by 289 votes to 117.

DEATH OF AN ADVENTURER.

IN ATTEMPTING TO NEGOTIATE HORSESHOE FALLS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., July 14.

Niagara Falls.—Mr. Stevens of Bristol (England) has been killed while attempting to negotiate the Horseshoe Falls in a barrel. The barrel was dashed to pieces on the rocks at the base of the Falls.

CHINESE CRISIS.

TROOPS SENT TO MANCHANG.

PREEIDENT'S BODYGUARD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., July 14.

Peking.—Only a few miles separates the opposing forces at Tinghing, fifty-five miles south-west of Peking. General Tsaokin has despatched 10,000 troops to Manchang, thirty-five miles from Tientsin, where he is forming a base. Ten thousand troops are arriving in Peking as the bodyguard for the President.

BRITISH EVACUATION OF BATUM.

GEORGIAN TROOPS IN OCSUPATION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., July 14.

The British finally evacuated Batum on July 9th. The withdrawal was without incident. The Georgian troops are now in occupation of the town.

PRECAUTIONS TAKEN BY FOREIGN LEGATIONS.

TROOPS ARRIVING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., July 14.

A Tientsin message to the "Daily Mail" says that the American warships have arrived and 1,200 American marines are expected to reinforce the garrison of the United States' Legation in Peking. The Italians are also strengthening their Legation guards. The British troops in North China consist of one Indian regiment and a volunteer corps.

SITUATION CRITICAL.

FATE OF PRO-JAPAN PARTY IN BALANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., July 14.

Peking.—The situation is critical. It is impossible to overestimate the importance of the issue as the fate of the pro-Japan party hands in the balance.

DISPUTE SPREADS IN KIANGSU PROVINCE

MARTIAL LAW IN SHANGHAI.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., July 14.

Shanghai.—The dispute between the Chihli and Anhui parties for supremacy has spread to the Kiangsu province. Lishun, the Gover of Kiangsu, who is a Chihli partisan debiring to secure the military Governorship of Shanghai has torn up the Shanghai-Nanking railway, thirty miles from Shanghai, whither he is sending two thousand troops. Luyunghsiang, the Anhuite Governor of Chekiang and the Military Governor of Shanghai has replied by rushing fifteen hundred troops up the line.

Luyunghsiang has declared martial law in Shanghai owing to the presence of dangerous elements.

KING AND QUEEN AT ROTHESAY BAY.

TO ATTEND A REGATTA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., July 14.

The King and the Queen saluted by the Atlantic Fleet have arrived at the Rothesay Bay to attend a regatta in which the yacht, Britannia, will participate.

SIR MATHEW NATHAN.

NEW GOVERNOR OF QUEENSLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 14.

It is officially announced that Sir Mathew Nathan has been appointed Governor of Queensland in succession to the late Sir Goold Adams.

Lt.-Col Right Hon. Sir Mathew Nathan who has been appointed the Governor of Queensland was born in 1862. He had served in the Nile Expedition in 1885, Lushai Expedition in 1889 (Medal with clasp). He administered the Sierra Leone Government in 1899. He was the Governor of Gold Coast from 1900 to 1903, Governor of Hongkong 1903-1907; Governor of Natal 1907-1909; was the Secretary to the Post Office 1909-1911; was the chairman of the Board of Inland Revenue and a member of the Pacific Cable Board, 1911-1914. He was the Colonel of the Durban Light Infantry in 1914. He was the Under Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland 1914-16 and was employed on the London Defences in 1916.

PRINCE OF WALES AT ADELAIDE.

WORKERS JOIN RECEPTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 12.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 14.

Adelaide.—The Prince of Wales has arrived here and had a most enthusiastic reception in which the workers joined most heartily despite the Labour newspapers' recommendation that they should adopt a passive attitude.

BRUTE FORCE VS. TRUTH FORCE.

SPIRITUALISED POLITICS NOT FOR LOTUS-EATERS.

SARLA DEVI'S PLEA FOR NON-COOPERATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 10.

A big public meeting of the citizens of Lahore was held on Wednesday evening in the Bradlangh Hall under the auspices of the Home Rule League to consider the Hunter Report. Shrimati Sarladevi Chaudhrani presided.

Shrimati Sarla Devi Chaudhrani in the course of her Hindi speech said:—

The Hunter Committee appointed by the Governor-General himself to inquire into his own conduct and that of the officials under his patronage has done its duty. True to its salt, through the Majority Report, it has exonerated its master and his proteges of all blame and got a certificate of merit for him from the Secretary of State to boot. With the solitary exception of General Dyer's brutality which it could not possibly entirely whitewash in view of the condemnation of a large section of the British public, not only has it upheld every atrocious action of the officials but has at times even found fault with some of them for being less inhuman than they could be. While defending every instance of firing upon the mob it has expressed in some cases that the mob should have been fired on at an earlier stage. In the same way the Committee's findings on the propriety of the introduction and continuance of Martial Law and its administration and all other details of oppressions are nothing but a reflex of the Government's own image, an echo of the master's own voice.

The Government of India's despatch is a curious document of the master's chiming in with his own eulogy by his appointed agent.

BRUTE FORCE VS. TRUTH FORCE.

All that was a foregone conclusion. But what has taken the breath away out of the Indian public is the despatch of the Secretary of State. This has proved conclusively that the view point of the majority of the Hunter Committee as contrasted with that of the Congress Committee is one of Western *versus* Eastern ideals of civilisation. The forces arrayed on either side are the vindicators of Brute force on the one hand and those of Truth force on the other. While the Eastern estimate has been a condemnation of the excesses even by its own people whenever indulged in, the Western attempt has been along a commendation of atrocities by its own. The Western determination has been to fix the cause of the disorder on *Satyagraha*—an ill-digested subject,—and its off-shoot viz., civil disobedience against evil laws and has recommended the sharpening of its weapons still more. Mr. Montagu has repeatedly urged that it is no good dwelling on the alleged excesses of the officers to hunt out the punishable among them but all efforts of Government should be directed in the light of present event towards compiling a Manual of Martial Law with a view to its more frequent introduction without its administration coming under the censure of Law.

The Eastern warriors are also engaged in cleaning and brightening up their arms and armour *to the soul*. They are busy preparing the rank and file from committing any violence whatsoever, restraing them from all thoughts of physical outbreak, preaching to them the beauty of soul-resistance, of suffering unto death if need be without either retaliating or yielding.

NON-CO-OPERATION.

The banner of non-co-operation as unfurled by Mahatma Gandhi is nothing but a call to Orientals to attain spiritual heights through vigorous self-discipline, courageous self-sacrifice and hardy self-denial. It is the instinct of self-preservation of the Race which has come to its aid through the vision of a seer of its own. In the words of Ikbal *kuch bat hai ki hasti mitti nahin hamari*. "There is some secret which is keeping India alive though the sister-worlds of Rome, Greece and Egypt of old are no more."

By emulating the brutality of her foes India will not survive them. She can outlive only by marching along the lines of her own evolution, by remaining the Teacher and Uplifter of Humanity. There may be honest difference of opinion as to certain details in the working out of the doctrine of non-co-operation. For instance, many a spiritual fighter may consider it an error of judgment to give the word of command to the nation to boycott the councils. But every one would admit that in its conception as a whole it is the boldest thing ever launched in the world of practical politics. This spiritualised politics is not for the lily-livered or the lotus eater. None but the stout hearted can attain it. It is the few Herculeses of the nation that will attempt it at fires, but there is not the shadow of a doubt that it will lead to the emulation of other less strong and stimulate them to develop their moral muscles. The atmosphere of weakness, cowardice and apathy will be cleared gradually and that of strength, courage and activity replace it.

GOVERNMENT'S FINANCIAL POLICY.

As a factor contributing to difference of views regarding the boycott or otherwise of the Councils, I instance the financial policy of Government. The question, we are told, is of a gradual transference of power from the bureaucracy to the representatives of the people. No doubt it is so in theory. But what is the actual value of this transference in practice? The cost or administration including the recent time-scale promotion and overseas allowance for the Indian Civil Service and other Imperial Services has grown by such tremendous leaps and bounds that practically the whole resources of the country are mortgaged and the residue that is left amounts to very little. These transferred departments without the necessary sinews mean little in practical value. We are told that Lord Meston's Committee will make an equitable apportion. Lord Meston, however, is no jugglar, or even if he is, a juggler's tricks will not produce the money required for making education, sanitation and home industries universal. The Indian ministers are asked to make bricks without straw and are foredoomed to failure so long as things stand as they do at present—thereon giving an opportunity to the Parliamentary Commission to call them unfit. Whether we are to guard against this by boycotting the Councils altogether or boldly enter the Council-room and fight the lion in his own den—it is for the majority of wise heads of the country to decide.

THE RELEASE OF PRISONERS.

But it is not merely in respect of the reforms that the bureaucracy has been showing its subtle and sinister power of rendering any good that could have been done by the inauguration of the new era of Reforms. It has also done its best to whittle down the gracious amnesty of His Majesty the King-Emperor as far as it could, and this notwithstanding that the present head of the Punjab administration is a ruler of sympathetic views. But unfortunately his lot is cast among advisers, many of whom are fully imbued with O'Dwyerian traditions. Otherwise the transportation to the Andamans of Chowdhry Bugga and Battoo would not have been ordered and carried out in the teeth of the united representations and unanimous remonstrances of the province and in violation of all rules.

There are still 88 or more Martial Law prisoners who are rotting in jail. The Royal Amnesty has not so far been extended to the Punjab prisoners in the Burma conspiracy case and some of the Lahore conspiracy cases either. This is not the way to wipe out all traces of the bitterness of the past. If the bureaucracy remains truculent, defiant and unrepentant as ever, so much so that even the Royal word possesses no sanctity in its eyes, the responsibility of any future disorder or disturbances in the country and disastrous consequences will be on its head (loud cheers.)

MYSORE PRESS STRIKE.

COMPOSITORS' DEMANDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, July 13.

The compositors of the piece works' section of the Mysore Govednment Central Press who went on strike since the 5th instant are still holding out. They had interviews with the First Member of the Council and the Chief Secretary to the Government when they represented their grievances. It would appear that in their demands they expect an increase of wages of about three hundred per cent. The Government have already allowed an increase of fifty per cent. including war allowance. The authorities have not, so far, met with the demands of the men. They are, however, prepared to take them in if they expressed their regret for striking without notice, and resumed work.

MADRAS LABOUR-CAPITAL COMMITTEE.

JUSTICE C. V. KUMARASWAMY TO BE CHAIRMAN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 13.

The Government of Madras have appointed Mr. Justice C. V. Kumaraswamy Sastriar to be the chairman of the Capital and Labour Committee which is to meet shortly to consider the labour problem in this presidency and the questions at issue between the employers and employees. It is expected that the enquiry will last for about three months as the Committee will record evidence in various labour centres in this presidency. The personnel of the Committee is not yet announced but besides the Chairman it will include three members to represent Capital and three to represent Labour in addition perhaps to other members.

MADRAS RENT BILL,

TO BE GIVEN A FAIR TRIAL,

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 13.

His Excellency Lord Willingdon received a deputation of Madras landlords yesterday in connection with the Rent Registriction Bill and said that his Government had an open mind in the matter and were still at the stage of collecting information on all sides and would give the bill a fair treatment and would again meet the landlords should any further discussion be necessary.

LATE HON. RAI SITANATH.

PUBLIC MEETING TO BE CONVENED IN CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 13.

At a Conference of the representatives of leading Indian public bodies in Calcutta held under the presidency of Maharaja Tagore, it was resolved that a Sheriff's meeting should be held in the Town Hall towards the end of next month to express sorrow at the death of the Hon. Rai Sitanath Rai Bahadur and to take steps to perpetuate his memory. It is understood that Lord Ronaldshay has signified his consent to preside.

Mr. Felix Wecksler, a photographer, who claimed to be of Russian nationality on being interned as a German during the war, has now proved his claim and been released. —(A. P.).

SURAT NOTES.

EXTENSION OF MATERNITY HOME AT BULSAR.

(From our Correspondent.)

SURAT, July 13.

Mr. Daud Ismail Patel of Naosari has been appointed a Mahomedan representative to the Legislative Assembly of the Baroda State. Mr. Patel, writes a correspondent, is the first Mahomedan member to the Assembly and as such his appointment has been welcomed by the Mahomedans.

One of the local papers states that the subordinate staff of the Ankleshwar Municipality has been greatly dissatisfied, as the war allowance granted by the Municipality in accordance with the resolution of the Government, has been discontinued, and the promised increment in their salary has yet not been granted to them. They met in a body and resolved to address a petition to the president of the Municipality requesting him to comply with their reasonable demands, and further resolved that in the event of their not getting a satisfactory solution within a month, they will be most unwillingly compelled to cease working.

The Maternity Hall at Bulsar has been taken advantage of by many, and there was a great demand for the extension of the building. Accordingly Khan Saheb Kavasji Dhanjibhai Dhanbhura has got an additional wing (northern) erected, and the opening ceremony for the same was recently performed by Mr. Bhagvandas Brijbhukhandas. Mr. Dhanbhura to whom the institution is greatly indebted, expressed a desire to extend the building still further, if there was a greater demand for the same.

The Reception Committee of the 3rd Gujerat Political Conference resolved to adopt the report and accounts submitted by the hon. secretaries, and further resolved to give Rs. 1,000 to the Surat District Association and Rs. 1,000 to the Gujerat Rajkiya Mandal, from the balance they had with them. They also appointed a committee of the Surat branch of the Rajkiya Mandal, to study the political questions of Surat and the district, and to report on the same every year.

Sheth Thakordas Balmukundas Modi, the Joint Honorary Secretary of the Hindu Charity Fund, Surat, breathed his last on Saturday, the 10th instant. The deceased was a charitably disposed gentleman and worked enthusiastically as an honorary secretary, for more than two decades.

Mr. Kalia Jivan, the nominated untouchable member of the Rander Municipality, has addressed a long letter to the editor of the "Gujerat Mitra" (one of the local weeklies), in the course of which he appeals to the leaders of the Hindu community to try their best for the uplift of the depressed classes. Referring to the separate seat for him in the Municipality, he regrets to note that it was the educated leaders of the Hindu community who foiled him in his attempt to come out as an elected candidate, and further proposed to have a separate seat for him. It is a great surprise to him to find that the Hindus freely touch a *dhed* who has been converted into a Christian, while they object to touching him who in spite of his low position continues to be a Hindu after all.

The subordinate staff of the local Municipality have expressed regret for using insolent language in their application. The Municipality have thereupon promised to consider their application.

The proprietors and managers of the different high schools of Surat are seriously considering the question as to how they should meet the increased cost of establishment. It is no longer possible to get graduates on Rs. 50. A meeting of the headmasters of the schools is under contemplation. The two possible alternatives have been suggested:—(1) To raise the fees and (2) to address a petition to the department to raise the grant from 1/3 to 1/2. It is reported that the headmasters of some of the schools of Broach also are likely to join the headmasters of Surat schools.

The students of the First Year Arts Class complain that the Prose Text Book "Bride of Zamermoor," by Sir Walter Scott, is not available in the market. It is reported that the book is not to be had even from the Bombay booksellers.

A LOST OPPORTUNITY.

TO GAIN CONFIDENCE OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 13.

Writing on the Amritsar debate in Parliament, the "Tribune" says. After all does India or British connection gain by the removal of General Dyer from the army, if nothing is to be done to make a strong ruler like Sir Michael O'Dwyer, the very impersonation of the policy of coercion which Mr. Montagu is anxious to abolish or a weak ruler like Lord Chelmsford who is content to play second fiddle to and place all his own powers at the disposal of every strong man whether in his own cabinet or in provincial Governments who may be disposed to follow the policy of terrorism an impossibility? It is from this point of view that India will look at the debate and in spite of admiration that will be generally felt for the excellent speeches made by Mr. Montagu, Mr. Churchill and Mr. Asquith, the general feeling will be one of profound disappointment that British statesmanship has thrown away the splendid opportunity of rehabilitating itself in the confidence of the people of India, an opportunity that may not recur for many a day.

A Calcutta message of July 13, says the Exchange Bank Telegraph transfer closing rate one shilling and ten pence, and demand bills one shilling and ten and one eighth pence.

HIGH PRICES.

NO LEGISLATION CONTEMPLATED BY MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 13.

At a meeting of the Madras Legislative Council to-day in reply to a question regarding the abnormal rise of prices it was stated that the Government did not at present contemplate any legislation on the subject. The import of the Burma rice at controlled price was still continued.

To another question regarding the recommendations of the Industrial Commission, the Government replied that to carry out the recommendations of the Industrial Commission the Department of Industries had first to be reorganised and the Government had sanctioned the appointment of an Industrial Engineer and five Assistant Directors. Transfer of the Pumping and Boring Department from the Department of Agriculture to the Department of Industries, reorganisation of weaving parties, and constitution of an Advisory Board of Industries were under consideration.

NATIONAL SCHOOL OPENED AT TANJORE.

TO DO PROPOGAND WORK IN VILLAGES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 13.

Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar opened at Tanjore on the 11th instant the national school which has been started there to train young men to do propagasda work in villages.

SIND KHILAFAT CONFERENCE

TRANSFERRED TO HYDERABRD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

HYDERABAD (Sind), July 18.

Owing to rains having fallen at Shadipalli the Sind Khilafat Conference has been transferred to Hyderabad where arrangements are being made with the greatest possible speed.

A SHOOTING TRAGEDY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 13.

A shooting tragedy occurred early this morning in one of the huts in a bustee in the Raja Dinendra Street, in which a police constable who went to the house of his son-in-law, had some angry altercations with him and is alleged to have lost his temper and in a fit of excitement fired at his son-in-law with a gun which he had with him. The son-in-law died instantaneously as the result of the gun shot. The police constable ran through the streets and was pursued by the people of the place, when at a street turning he stopped and turning round placed the gun between his feet and pulled the trigger with the result that the bullet passed through his neck killing him on the spot.

FOOTBALL AT CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 13.

Neither of the two matches played in connection with the Challenge Football Shield competition proved interesting. In one, the Town Club beat Jamshedpur by four goals to nil. In the other, the Royal Welsh Fusiliers beat Asansol by a solitary goal to nil.

MADRAS TOWN PLANNING BILL PASSED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 14.

After the consideration of a number of amendments, at yesterday's sitting of the Madras Legislative Council, the Madras Town Planning Bill was finally passed Sir P. Rajagopalcjariar then introduced the Madras Local Boards Bill and moved that it be read in the Council.

REFORMS IN KATHIAWAR.

LIMBDI RAJYA SABHA.

The following is copy of a telegram sent to His Highness, the Thakore Saheb of Limbdi, by the President of the Kathiawad Hitvardhak Sabha on the 12th instant.

"The Executive Committee of Kathiawad Hitvardhak Sabha sincerely congratulates Your Highness on the establishment in your State of a Rajya Sabha composed of elected, nominated and official members with non-official majority. Yours is the first State in Kathiawad to recognize modern spirit of progress and aspirations of the people of Kathiawad for which great credit is due to you and your administration. There may be differences of opinion as to the sufficiency of the reforms, but the Sabha is distinctly of opinion that the reforms contemplate the introduction of a radical change in the form of Government, besides the chief thing that our Sabha has been impressing is the necessity of reforms and in recognizing this necessity, in our opinion, you have rendered a service to the Province. We confidently hope that reforms introduced will be worked in a liberal spirit and trust that your subjects will rise equal to the occasion. We wish you and them all success in the new path on which you and they have entered."

Allahabad, July 14.—The United Provinces Government Pensioners' Association has sent a memorial of the Viceroy through Sir Harcourt Butler, praying that owing to the cost of living having increased, the amount of pension should be increased on a scale commensurate with their needs and prevailing conditions of life.

LIQUOR AND OPIUM TRAFFIC CONDEMNED.

S. BAPTIST CONVENTION'S RESOLUTIONS.

The following is the text of the resolutions adopted by the Southern Baptist Convention condemning the liquor and the opium traffic in India and China:—

(1) That in view of the world-wide interest at the present time in the cause of temperance and the growing value of public opinion in India against the use of intoxicants and drugs like opium and morphine, etc., the consumption of which is alarmingly growing and thus is a serious menace to the physical health, moral and spiritual well-being of the three hundred fifteen millions of people of India, the Southern Baptist Convention, representing three million white Baptists of America, held in its annual convention in Washington, D.C., May 12 to 17, 1920, earnestly requests the Government of India to prohibit the import, manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors and drugs particularly prohibition of the cultivation of poppy and manufacture of opium in India other than medical purposes.

(2) That a copy of the above resolution be officially forwarded by the secretary of the Convention to Baptist Missionaries in India, to the Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the President of the All-India Temperance Conference, Delhi, India; the Viceroy of India; to the Premier of Great Britain; and to Lord Clwyd, the President of the Anglo-Indian Temperance Association (Arkbrook, Home Park Road, Wembledon, S.W., 19, London, England).

Mr. Taraknath Das of the Friends of Freedom for India, New York, made a short speech in support of the above resolution, condemning the policy of the British Government regarding liquors and opium traffic. Mr. Das pointed out these facts:—

(1) About 700,000 (seven hundred thousand) acres of best land of India are used to grow poppy. The British Government advances money free of interest to those farmers who cultivate poppy, from which they manufacture opium which is the monopoly of the British Government. (2) There are about 18,000 (eighteen thousand) or more opium stalls in India where opium is sold like cigarettes—men, women and children can buy opium without any special restriction. (3) China is being drugged by morphine manufactured in England and Scotland from Indian opium. According to Rev. Dr. Judson Brown, about 16 (sixteen) tons of morphine entered China through British sources. (4) Population of India is about doubled during the last 45 years, but the revenue derived from liquor and opium has increased more than five times (about fifty millions of dollars). (5) The people of India want total prohibition through local option; but the Government of India persistantly ignores the popular demand. (6) The Christian world should protest against Britain's drugging the people of India, China and other countries and should also demand stopping cultivation of poppy and manufacture of opium for profit. Because as long as there will be production of opium and morphine, there will be consumption of these deadly poisons.

GUJERAT STREE KELAVNI MANDAL.

GIRLS' COLLEGE TO BE STARTED.

The Hon. Secretary Mrs. Sharda Mehta of the Gujarat Stree Kelavni Mandal, Ahmedabad writes:—

The first Shalant Pariksha (the School leaving examination) was held by the Mandal on the 21st June 1920, wherein three candidates appeared and all passed in the following order of merit:—

1. Savita Vishwanath Trivedi; 2. Arvinda Girdharlal Thakor; 3. Nandgauri Chhotalal Setalvad.

All these belonged to the Vanita Vishram Mahila Vidyalaya, Ahmedabad. Nos. 1 and 2 stand in second class, the former gets 5 prizes, each of Rs. 10 in Gujarati, domestic arts and science, history, Sanskrit and Hindi and the latter gets 2 prizes in English and Mathematics.

GIRL'S COLLEGE.

Now the Mandal thinks of starting a College for Girls in near future which will be affiliated to Indian Women's University.

The Mandal has applied to Indian women's University for the recognition of Shalanta Pariksha as equivalent to the entrance examination of the University. The Vanita Vishram of Ahmedabad has also approached the University for the recognition of its Mahilavidyalaya as a high school. The Syndicate has appointed the following Committee to report on the advisability of both:—

Prof. Kanitkar, and Prof. Apte of Poona, Mr. N. K. Dikshit and Mr. Sirdesai of Baroda.

The Committee is expected in Ahmedabad during the current month for the inspection of the Mahilavidyalaya and for the consideration of the question of the Shalanta Pariksha.

SUKESHI FOUNDERING ENQUIRY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 13.

The Marine Court of Enquiry into the "Sukeshi" disaster was concluded to-day. Mr. N. K. Mitra, a Zamindar was examined. In the course of his evidence Mr. Mitra said that he saw some of the crew turning out women and children from the life-boat and rowing away themselves. The witness saw seven or eight people drowned.

Major General T. E. Scott, recently Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief has been appointed to the Aden Command. (A. P.).

PUNJAB'S AFFLICTION.

MR. LAJPAT RAI DEPLORES BENGAL'S INDIFFERENCE.

HIS FAITH IN NON-CO-OPERATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 14.

In a signed article in "Bande Mataram", Lala Lajpat Rai reiterates his faith in non-co-operation. The refusal of co-operation, he declares, is the only weapon in the hands of the oppressed and down-trodden nationality, whereby it can seek justice and redress. But the question of non-co-operation is a national and not a provincial question and unless the whole country takes it up, it is hardly worth-while for the Punjab to take it up. He expresses disappointment at the comments of the Indian press on this question. The moderate press is naturally against the proposal where there is little of cohesion or consistency in the handling of the question in the nationalist press. The suggestions made by the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" and the "Independent" are the instances in point. He therefore advises candidates not to relax their canvassing efforts pending the decision of the question by the special Congress.

Incidentally he makes a complaint that neither Lord Sinha nor Mr. Bhupendranath Basu thought it fit to come to the Punjab during their recent visit and deplores that with the exception of Mr. C. R. Das, no Bengali of eminence rendered any practical help in the Punjab affliction.

NEW ERA IN PUNJAB?

MR. LAJPAT RAI VS. KASAULI OFFICIALS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 13.

Writing in the "Bande Mataram", Lala Lajpat Rai complains that during his visit to Kasauli where he went for the benefit of his health, the Cantonment authorities there warned the people against any lecture by him and the Indian proprietor of the hotel where he was putting up at Kasauli, presumably under instructions from the authorities asked him to vacate. Lala Lajpatrai calling Sir Edward Maclagan's attention to these things says the prospects of co-operation are not increased thereby.

Your Baby's Welfare.

Your dearest wish is for Baby to be well and happy. Then you must pay particular attention to his food, for his welfare depends as much on that as on anything. The "Allenburys" Foods are practically identical with mother's milk—Baby's natural food. Baby could have nothing purer or safer than

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Telegraphic Address:—

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RAY BROS., 85 [illegible] ree City.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, July 12th:

		Bales.
Total Days' Sales at Livepool		3,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		
" " Sales of East Indian		50
" " Imports		
Mid. Americans Spot		26.54
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels		62.00
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	July	39.60
	Oct.	33.27
	Jan.	31.08
New Orleans 10 a.m.	July	36.15
	Oct.	32.75

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, July 12th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's prices.
July	24.02
Aug.	23.55
Sept.	
Oct.	22.42
Nov.	
Dec.	
Jan.	20.87
Feb.	
Mar.	20.29
April	
May.	19.84
June	

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, July 12th.

Months	To-day's prices.
July.	24.03
Aug.	23.63
Sept.	22.93
Oct.	22.42
Nov.	21.82
Dec.	21.27
Jan.	20.93
Feb.	20.66
Mar.	20.38
April	20.14
May.	19.90
June.	19.70

Tone: —Steady.

Liverpool, July 13th:

Months.	To-day's price.
July	24.04+1
Oct.	22.41+1
Jan.	20.93
Mar.	20.36+2

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, July 12th:

	Rs:
M.G. Bengal Good	8.00
" " Fully Good	9.75
" " Fine	10.25
" No. 1 Oomra Good	15.00
" " Fully Good	16.00
" " Fine	16.00
" Broach Good M.G.	19.85
" " " "	19.35
" " " "	19.85
" Broach Good	8.82
" " Fully Good	9.57
" " Fine	10.07

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, July 13th:

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports		4,000
" Exports to Great Britain		Nil
" " to Continent		1,000
Futures at New York July		39.38+45
" " " Oct.		33.14+51
" " " Jan.		30.90+60
Tone.—Steady.		
Spot Cotton at New York	40.50	No change.
" " Orleans	39.50	do.
Futures at New Orleans July		39.50+15
" " Oct.		32.65+35
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)		14 1/4
Demand Bills		3.84.37
Silver Commercial Bars		80½
U. S. Mined Refined		82½
Do. Foreign		82½

New York, July 13th:

Futures at New York July	40.30+65
" " Oct.	33.37+ 2
" " Jan.	31.03+ 5

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, July 14.

The Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 437 for Fully Good Broach July-August, and gradually improved to Rs. 439, which was the quotation at 3 p.m. The market was quiet with little business passing. The bazaar closed at Rs. 437. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 439½ advanced to Rs. 440½ and closed at Rs. 435.

Ready cotton is quiet with very little enquiry for Bengals and Oomras, but nice stapled lots are still in demand.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

	Rs:
Fully Good Broach	July-Aug. 435
Fully Good Bengal	July 405
Fully Good Bengal	September 213
Fine Oomras	July 388
Fine Oomras	September 276
Good Southerns	July-Aug. 459

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD.

QUOTATIONS 14TH JULY 1920:

	Rs:
Fully Good M.G. Bengal	July 402
" " "	September 214
Fully Good M.G. Broach	July-Aug. 437
Fine M.G. Omras	July 372
" " "	September 270

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Description:	Super fine.	Fine.	F.G.	Good	Delivery
M.G. Bengal	..	237	217	192	Ready.
M.G. Sind-Punjab	..	237	217	192	"
M.G. Oomras No. 3.	309	274	244	..	"
M.G. Central P No. 1	324	349	319	..	"
M.G. Central P No. 2	349	314	279	..	"
M.G. Broach	..	..	493	473	458	"
M.G. Southern	..	..	..	..	..	"
M.G. Dholleras	..	..	..	..	..	"
M.G.1 Amenar P.	..	..	..	..	..	"

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 14th:

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/8½
Bank Demand	1/8 9/16
Acceptance 3m/s	1/11½
Fcp Demand	387
American Dollars	222
Hongkong	205½
Shanghai	303
Japan	185
Singap	128½

Market Steady.

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

DAILY QUOTATION RATES.

July, 14th 1920.

	per lb.	Rs: a. p:
David	No. [illegible]	1 1 0
Sapurji	No. 10s	1 0 0
Curlonbhai	No. 12s	1 2 0
Sapurji	No. 6s	0 12 3
Japan	No. 40/1	3 0 0
Do:	No. 42/2	2 10 0
Do.	No. 2/40	2 10 0

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

Issued rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations:

BRASS.

July, 14th 1920:

	per md.)	Rs: a. p
Brass	3/4	85 0 0
Do.	1	85 0 0
Do.	1¼	90 0 0
Do.	1½	90 0 0
Do.	1¾	88 0 0
Do.	2	88 0 0

COPPER:

	per Mod,	Rs: a. p
Copper	3/4	86 0 0
Do.	1	86 0 0
Do.	1¼	87 0 0
Do.	1½	87 0 0
Do.	1¾	85 0 0
Do.	2	90 0 0
Japanese Copper Barrs		86 0 0
Panch teka Joint		92 0 0
Copper English-Barrs		87 0 0
Brass-Barrs		89 0 0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay wheat and Seeds daily quotations Basis Rates.

Bombay, July 14th 1920. 5-30 p: m:

Rates.	Bazaar Terms. Rs: a. p.	Rail: Delivery Rs a. p
Wheat White, Delhi 70-30	59 0 0	3 10 0
" " Cawnpore 70-30	56 0 0	3 4 0
" Karachi Bangla	60 0 0	3 4 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	11 4 0	11 12 0
" " Cawnpore	11 4 0	11 12 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	12 4 0	12 12 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	16 0 0	16 8 0
" " Thin	15 10 0	16 2 0
Teelseed. White 85-15	92 0 0	18 8 0
" Gajar 75-25	83 0 0	17 0 0
" Gajar 50-50	78 0 0	16 0 0
" Black	70 0 0	14 4 0
Poppyseed, White	15 0 0	17 0 0
Groundnuts	78 0 0	16 0 0
Mowraseed	6 0 0	6 4 0
Barley	42 0 0	
Castorseed	55 0 0	11 4 0

Forward:	Rs. a. p:
Linseed Sept.	16 14 3
Wheat Aug.-Sept.	3 2 0

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BOMBAY, July 14.

REPORT.

Bar Gold Ready Rs. 21-12.
Bar Silver Ready Rs. 101.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London Rs. 19 7-8.
D. D. on London 1-10.
3 Mst D/a 1-11 1-4.
D. D. on Paris 387 francs.
3 Mst D/a 460 francs.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 145.
80 D/st D/p Rs. 135.
American Cross Rate 3,93 3-8 dollars.
Paris 46.65 francs.
Paris Cross Rate 46.65 francs.
London Silver spot D 53/10.
London Forward D 52/6.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 91.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1920-22 99½.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 81.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 91.
3½ per cent. Paper 58.
4 per cent. Port Trust Long dated 67.
6 per cent. Port Trust Short dated 100-12.
4 per cent. Municipal Long dated 65.
6 per cent. Municipal Short dated 100-8.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust Long dated 64.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 90.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 91¼ to 92¼.

BANK RATES.

Bank of Bombay ... ... 6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal ... ... 5 per cent.
Bank of Madras ... ... 7 per cent.

SHARES.

The Market opened steady but eased off towards the close owing to profit taking.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

COTTON MILLS.

Cotton Mills:—Ah. Advance 2,600; Alliance Cotton 365; Bombay Cotton 1,380; Bombay Dyeing 3,760; Century 1,290; Central India 5,550; Colaba Land 3,270; Coorla, 2,800n.; Crescent 730; Currimbhoy 1,330; David 1,735; Fazulbhoy 1,912½; Finlay 1,370; Ind. Malwa 662½; Kastoorchand 2,500; Kohinoor 4,040; Luxmi Cotton 3,500; Mathurdas 2,600n.; M. Petit 5,500; Meyer Sasoon 450; Morarji 6,150; New Great 1,120; New City 860; Pabnani 740; Pearls 1,375; Phoenix 1,125; Shapurchi 442/8; Simplex 912½; Sholapur 14,000; Standard 3,260; Swan 1,340; Swadeshi 3,650; Vishnu Cotton 1,600.

Miscellaneous:—Andhra Valley 940; Alcock 900; B. Burma 815; B. Burma N. I. 297½; Bt. Burma Pet. 21½; B. Tramway 1,055; B. Flour 3,150; B. Steam 450; Bundi Cement 50; Ind. Cement 460; Katni Ordy. 300; Katni Defd. 1,550; Tata Iron Ordy. 172½; Tata Idon Defd. 975; Tata Hydro: 1,180; Tata Oil 390; B. I. G. Ins. 3pr.; Tata Bank 49-9.

Railways:—Ahd. Dholka 104; Ahd. Prantij 530; Amritsar Patti 97; Cen. Prov Ry. 93; Hoshiarpur 67; Sialkote 73; Sindh Light Ry. 115; Upper Sindh 75; Tapti Valley 572-8.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights the tides in Bombay Harbour, during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER Bombay mean Time h. m:	Depth on Sill ft. in.	LOW WATER Day of Week	Day of Month	Bombay mean Time h. m:	Depth on Sill ft. in.
	July				July		
Thur.	15	m 11 2	29 4		15	5m 4 11	14 7
		10 52a	27 7			5 9a	17 11
Fri	16	m 11 48	30 1		16	m 5 0	14 2
		11 45a	28 1			5 57a	17 0
Sat.	17	m 0 29a	30 5		17	m 5 46	14 5
						6 43a	16 5
Sun.	18	m 0 35	28 4		18	m 6 35	14 8
		1 11a	29 3			7 27a	16 1
Mon.	19	m 1 24	28 2		19	m 7 20	15 6
		1 52a	29 5			8 8a	16 2
Tues.	20	m 2 12	27 8		20	m 8 8	16 3
		2 32a	28 8			8 52a	16 4
Wed.	21	m 10 14	26 4		21	m 3 20	15 3
		9 55a	26 10			4 19a	18 11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard time during the ensuing weeks:—

July.	Sunset.	Sunrise
" 15 (Thursday)	6h. 7m: p	5h. 29m: a
" 16 (Friday)	" 6h. 8m:	5h. 29m:
" 17 (Saturday)	" 6h. 6m:	5h. 30m:
" 18 (Sunday)	" 6h. 6m.	5h. 30m:
" 19 (Monday	" 6h. 6m.	5h. 30m:
" 20 (Tuesday	" 6h. 7m:	5h. 29m:
" 21 (Wednesday	" 6h. 7m:	5h. 29m:

PHASES OF THE MOON:—Last Quarter, July 9th 10h. 36-6m. a.m.; New Moon, 16th. 1h. 56-0m. a.m.; First Quarter, 23rd. 0h. 50-4m. a.m.; Full Moon, 31st. 4h 40-8m. a.m.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

Total Rainfall up to 8 a. m. of 14th July.

Stations.	24 hours to 8 a. m. of 1920.	Total since 1st June, 1920.	June 1st to 8 a.m. of 12th July. 1918.	1919.
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba (Observatory)	1 21	26 73	13·58	33·93
Fort (St. George's Hospital)	1 29	28 58	12·35	36·11
Esplanade (Gok Tej. Hospital)	1 16	28 38	13·16	35·92
Byculla (J. J. Hospital)	0 94	27 33	15·55	37·80

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 13th July 1920.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p. m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahs.	29.653	inchs.
Temperature of Air	81.9	Degs.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.9	"
Dew Point	76.5	"
Relative humidity of Air	0.887	"
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy 10).	9.0	"
Maximum temperature of Air	85.3	
minimum do.	77.9	"
General Direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WSW,W.	
Movement of Wind	289	Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.20	Inches.
Total fall during month	17.58	"
Do. do. year	37.04	"
Additional all of rain up to 10 a.m. of 14th	1.01	"

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 HOURS ON WEDNESDAY, THE 14th JULY 1920.

STATIONS	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours:	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 hrs.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total, 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. ( )	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jask	100.6	86.7	51	..	0	—0.08
Muskat	101.1	87.9	42	..	0	—0.14
Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	110.3	90.8	59	..	1.19	—0.16
Rawalpindi	107.2	87.5	57	..	3.10	—1.30
Lahore	112.8	90.5	58	..	0.23	—3.58
Hissar	106.2	81.4	36	0.09	0.38	—2.89
Ambala	103.0	74.8	93	0.25	4.59	—2.41
Delhi	90.5	78.8	93	4.00	9.42	+2.93
UNITED PROVINCES.						
Agra	94.4	77.3	87	2.75	9.26	+3.13
Mainpuri	96.1	76.9	93	2.75	6.39	+0.97
Jhansi	90.6	79.2	82	..	4.48	—5.82
Cawnpore	91.8	80.9	91	0.01	3.96	—2.37
Allahabad	83.5	78.9	93	1.87	13.41	+4.55
SIND & RAJPUTANA.						
Jacobabad	115.2	86.4	61	..	1.09	+0.52
Karachi	89.8	82.2	82	..	9.01	—1.83
Ajmer	89.6	76.8	88	..	10.82	+6.56
Jaipur	84.3	76.4	92	0.32	13.25	+7.97
Kotah	91.6	78.8	77	..	9.85	+2.81
Mount Abu	79.4	65.9	97	0.43	17.12	+4.30
GUJRAT KATHIAWAR & CENTRAL INDIA						
West—						
Bhuj	88.0	79.7	91	..	7.30	+3.33
Dwarka	87.1	82.8	81	..	7.54	+2.00
Veraval	93.1	80.6	88	0.08	15.27	+8.91
Rajkot	89.2	79.7	90	0.05	14.61	+6.15
Bhavnagar Para	90.2	78.0	83	0.64	16.81	+9.53
Surat	86.8	77.1	89	0.95	15.11	—0.13
Ahmedabad	91.6	76.8	88	3.90	12.96	+4.16
Deesa	97.2	76.0	84	0.12	7.94	+1.86
Neemuch	84.9	74.6	90	..	11.88	+5.17
Indore	81.5	72.1	93	1.25	13.93	+5.71
CENTRAL PROVINCES						
Jubbulpore	79.7	74.1	89	1.45	82.5	—5.87
Saugor	80.2	73.4	97	0.06	16.84	+4.15
Hoshangabad	84.1	73.4	94	2.08	11.88	—0.88
Khandwa	82.3	72.9	88	1.38	12.49	+4.04
Akola	90.9	75.5	78	0.03	4.09	—4.49
Amraoti	87.8	74.4	86	0.34	5.98	—4.23
Nagpur	86.2	75.1	77	0.32	7.49	—5.73
Chanda	90.5	74.0	66	2.23	9.64	—3.57
Raipur	82.3	75.2	84	0.03	6.55	—6.54
KONKAN—						
Bombay	85.1	78.5	86	0.07	24.93	—5.34
Ratnagiri	88.3	74.9	82	0.26	30.06	—13.47
Marmugoa	84.2	76.1	89	0.50	42.89	—1.24
Karwar	81.1	75.8	89	0.82	47.62	—7.31
BOMBAY DECCAN & HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	92.7	73.4	86	0.20	2.53	—8.97
Ahmednagar	87.0	71.3	76	..	3.18	—4.31
Poona	90.0	70.9	88	0.10	9.00	—1.39
Sholapur	87.6	78.9	66	..	1.68	—4.78
Bijapur	84.6	71.7	79	..	4.69	+0.55
Belgaum	75.3	67.8	95	0.75	13.97	—0.18
Aurangabad	96.7	78.0	73	..	1.15	—6.68
Nizamabad (Indr).	91.9	75.4	73	..	11.89	+2.58
Hyderabad	87.8	73.7	77	..	8.03	+1.25
MALABAR & CEYLON.						
Mangalore	83.1	73.7	95	1.25	68.33	+14.88
Calicut	79.9	73.9	96	1.97	70.30	+30.15
Cochin	83.7	75.1	82	0.21	61.03	+22.19
Colombo	83.9	76.5	88	0.11	18.53	+8.48
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR) & MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	97.8	81.3	62	..	4.64	—2.15
Bellary	89.2	76.5	65	..	0.70	—1.84
Cuddapah	99.6	80.3	53	..	3.60	—0.58
Madras	102.2	81.4	60	..	0.63	—2.57
Bangalore	83.5	66.7	81	0.06	3.68	—1.02
Coimbatore	85.6	71.6	76	..	3.25	0
Trichinopoly	99.8	78.6	59	..	0.83	—1.08
Negapatam	99.1	79.2	65	..	0.76	—1.27

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 14th July 1920, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded except at Lahore and Multan where skies are clear. Humidity is above normal and day temperature is below the average in the east Punjab. Night temperature is above normal at Multan and Rawalpindi, but is below it at Hissar.

The United Provinces.—Rain has fallen locally; Mainpuri has had 0.55", Jhansi 1.60" and Allahabad 0.28". Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is above normal. Day temperature is below the average except at Jhansi; night temperature is in defect at Mainpuri.

Sind and Rajputana.—Ajmer reports 2.55" of rain and Mount Abu 0.15". Skies are moderately or heavily clouded except in Upper Sind. Humidity is locally above normal in Rajputana. Day temperature is 5 deg. to 10 deg. below normal in Rajputana; night temperature is in defect at Ajmer Bikaner.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—There has been nearly general rain in Gujarat; Surat has had 0.44", Ahmedabad 0.21" and Deesa 0.11". Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is excess in the northern districts. Day temperature is below normal in Central India West and at Deesa and Bhavnagar-Para.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Jubbulpore reports 0.60", Hoshangabad 0.61" and Nagpur 0.39". Skies are overcast. Humidity is in excess at Hoshangabad. Day temperature is below normal except in Berar.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 1.21", Ratnagiri 0.99" and Mormugao 1.21". Skies are heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports 0.87" of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature do not differ much from the average.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar, the Konkan Gujarat the Central Provinces, and local in the south Bombay Deccan, Rajputana and the United Provinces. A few showers are reported from the neighbourhood of the Nilgris. The heaviest fall is 3.55" at Ajmer. Day temperature is low in the east Punjab, the United Provinces, Rajputana and the central parts of the country. Seas continue moderate or rough generally on the west coast up to Karachi, where the sea is reported very rough.

Forecast.—An extension of rainfall is likely in the Punjab, Rajputana and Central India West.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 13th July 1920.

The monsoon has extended over the north and east Punjab, but has weakened in the central parts of the country. Temperature has fallen considerably in the Punjab. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the United Provinces, Central India East; the Konkan and Malabar, and local in Assam, Orissa, the east and north Punjab, Central India West, the Central Provinces, north Hyderabad and southeast Madras. A few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, Rajputana, Gujarat, the Bombay Deccan and Mysore.

Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Port Blair one and a half inches; Double Island three; Margui two; Tavoy four; Diamond Island one and a half; Akyab three; Lashio one; Dibrugarh two; Silchar one and a half; Sambalpur one; Ranchi one and a half; Daltonguni four; Benares one; Ludhiana a half; Mercara, Salem one and a half.

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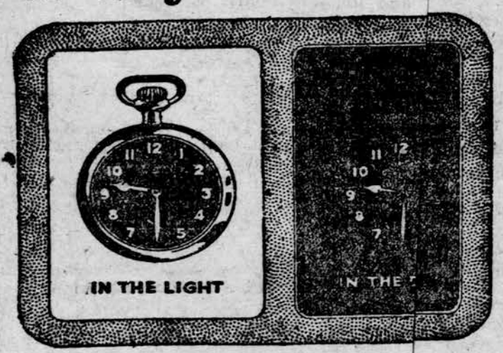

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"WANTON WASTE."

MR. ASQUITH ON TRANSPORT MINISTRY.

MOCKERY OF IRISH BILL.

Mr. Asquith recently addressed a meeting at the Portsmouth Town Hall under the auspices of the Portsmouth Liberal Council. Mr. T. H. F. Lapthorn presided. Mr. Asquith condemned the Government's Irish Bill, and welcomed the interchange of views between the Government and M. Krassin. He said that the Transport Ministry was "a wanton waste of the taxpayers' money," and criticized the proposal to reclothe the Army.

Mr. Asquith said that representative and responsible Liberal organizations had with practical unanimity declined the invitation, put forward on high authority, and with many allurements of rhetoric and of sophistry, that they should sacrifice their independent existence. Liberalism repudiated that invitation. Liberalism, with its great traditions in the past, with its high ideals in the present, with a richer promise of vitality and of public usefulness than it has ever yet attained, meant to remain what it always had been, the standard-bearer and the champion of the cause of progress. (Cheers.)

Proceeding, Mr. Asquith said:—Is the coalition Government a necessary instrument? I myself was more responsible than anybody else for its initiation. It was a necessary instrument in time of war, but is the Coalition necessary now? Has it justified its claim to be the only, or even a possible, instrument for the wise and successful government of this country? I am going to submit one or two considerations based entirely on the experience of the past 18 months which seem to lead inevitably to a negative answer.

Let me take first of all the case of Ireland. The present condition of things in Ireland is the natural consequence of fatal and short-sighted delay. Two years ago it would have been possible to arrive, not only without bloodshed, but without this terrible, ever-unrolling chapter of murder, disorder, and every form of crime, at something like substantial agreement. In the settlement of Irish difficulties two years ago, the constitutional national movement was still in the ascendant, but to-day we cannot hide it from ourselves that that movement for all practical purposes, has been submerged, and, to a large extent absorbed, in what has become a revolutionary enterprise.

"MOCKERY" OF IRISH BILL.

As a result of the country council election, he continued, the Sinn Feiners had obtained over half of the representation in Ulster. Ulster had gone over to Sinn Fein. Equally serious was it that at this moment the King's Courts in Ireland were practically superseded. In that situation, what was the remedy which the Coalition Government proposed? We had a caricature, a parody, a travesty of self-government put forward which was an ostentatious mockery of Irish needs and demands and aspirations. Some friends in the Press and elsewhere criticized the abstention which he, and almost the whole of those associated with him in the House of Commons, had exercised on the Committee stage of the Bill. He had never been in favour of staying away from the discussion of any measure, but he regarded it as a ridiculous and inexcusable waste of time to spend hours discussing the academic details and the hypothetical machinery for carrying out a scheme which from the very first was foredoomed to futility and failure, as though it were to justify their procedure.

M. KRASSIN'S VISIT.

Dealing with the Government record on the Russian question, Mr. Asquith referred to the visit of M. Krassin. He said that he regretted that these interchanges of opinion were not made a year ago. We might have saved a great deal of money and a good deal of life. What was equally important, we might have advanced immeasurably the re-establishment of the economic life of Russia and Eastern Europe.

Even now the Government spoke with two voices, or, at least, not with a single voice. There are some Cabinet Ministers, said Mr. Asquith, "whose time you might have thought was sufficiently preoccupied by the requirements of the departments in these days, who nevertheless have leisure to give interviews and to write articles which outvie in irresponsibility of statement and in extravagance of rhetoric the sensation-mongers and the mud-slingers of the least reputable organs of the Press." With these various voices attuned to different keys one could only make a provisional estimate of the policy of the Government. But if they honestly abandoned any design to intervene in the internal affairs of Russia and opened freely and fully the doors for commercial and social intercourse, he hailed it and rejoiced in it. But it had come exactly a year too late, and meantime irreparable injury had been done.

MINISTERS' "WANTON WASTE."

As to the financial situation, Mr. Asquith said the Ministry of Transport was a new creation and had done nothing but lie on its back, contemplate the skies, ruminate over problems, and consider whether or not something might hereafter be done to improve the transport system of this country. This process, carried on by experts, cost us between four and five hundred thousand pounds a year. It was a gross, profligate, inexcusable, wanton waste of the taxpayers' money.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer told them that the decision to reclothe the Army was a Cabinet decision and that if the House of Commons did not like it there must be a change of Government. There were more terrible things in the possible history of this country than the change of Government. Could anybody conceive, at this time of day, a Cabinet deliberately committing themselves to an absolutely fantastic and wanton increase of expense for such a purpose? Even that was a bagatelle compared with expenditure in Mesopotamia and North-West Persia. And for what? (Voices, "Oil.") Were we really going for the sake of oil to mortgage the revenues of the country, sorely pressed as we were with such questions as housing, with a charge of 30 or 40 millions a year for Mesopotamia?—"The Times."

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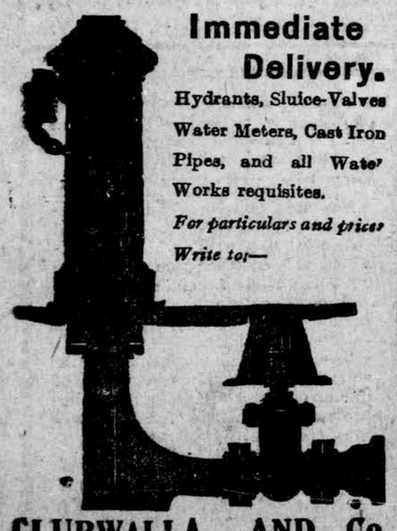

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